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The Times

XVIITH YEAR.

SINGLE PART—FOURTEEN PAGES
AT THE OFFICE COUNTER... PRICE 3 CENTS

LOS ANGELES

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1899.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

THEATERS

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—
TODAY, INDEPENDENCE DAY. MATINEE AT 2:10 P.M.
TONIGHT AND REMAINDER OF WEEK,
BARGAIN MATINEE SATURDAY.

Warde and Sackett's Comedians
PRESENTING THE LAUGHING PAD
"A BACHELOR'S HONEYMOON"

A great hit last night. Everybody pleased.

Seats now on sale—Prices, \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Tel. Main 70—

OPHEUM—TONIGHT! EUROPEAN VAUDEVILLE NOVELTIES.
4th of July Matinee Today! Any seat 25 cents!

FAIRPHOTOS TRIOPE of pantomimists—nine performers: Francesca Redding, assisted by Carlton May, in the comedy "Duchess of Devonshire"; TACIANO, World's greatest female impersonator; FRED NIBLO, Gotham's favorite entertainer; HOUDINI, assisted by MME. HOUDINI in new illusions (the Oregon boot test on the stage nightly); McAvoy and May, rollicking funmakers; WARTENBERG BROS., clever novelty artists.

PRICES ALWAYS THE SAME—Down stairs, 25c and 50c; Entire Balcony, 25c; Gallery, 10c. Matines Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Any seat 25c. Children any seat 10c. Tel. Main 1447.

A MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS

With Dates of Events.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—

BROOD OF

BABY OSTRICHES

JUST HATCHED

25 CENTS ROUND TRIP—INCLUDING ADMISSION TO FARM.

FIESTA PARK—Base Ball. LOS ANGELES VS MERCHANTS.
25 Cents. Ladies Free. Shaded Seats Coolest Place in Town.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL

EXCURSIONS—TO

SAN DIEGO AND CORONADO BEACH

\$3 ROUND TRIP

Tickets Good 10 Days
Returning.

PROGRAMME OF EVENTS FIESTA WEEK:

July 14th—Excursion to Tia Juana, Old Mexico, where a Mexican Festival will be held. Weird Indian dances, etc.

July 20—Excursion to Coronado Island. A real ocean trip on the Pacific.

July 21—Regatta Day. Races by Ladies' Rowing Clubs, and aquatic sports. Excursions on the bay to view the races.

July 22—Excursion Day to Point Loma, La Jolla, San Diego Missions, Chula Vista. Band Concerts in the Plaza every evening. Particulars and information at Santa Fe ticket office, 200 South Spring street.

FOURTH JULY—

At
Redondo Beach

Grand Free Barbecue and Clam Bake

OPEN AIR CONCERT BY the celebrated Seventh Regiment Band, Display of Fireworks, and other amusements.

SANTA FE Leave Downey Avenue 8:23, 9:43 a.m., 1:19, 5:24 p.m.

Leave LaGrande Street 8:30, 9:55 a.m., 1:30, 5:35, 7:00 p.m.

Leave Central Avenue, 8:44, 10:08 a.m., 1:44, 5:47, 7:14 p.m.

Last train returning leaves Redondo at 8 p.m., round trip 50¢.

Excursion July 4,

Round Trip \$2.75

On Tuesday, July 4, in addition to the regular train service, the Santa Fe will run a special express, taking in Redlands, Riverside and the Beauties of Santa Ana Canyon.

Leave Los Angeles.....9:00 a.m.
Arrive Pasadena.....9:25 a.m.
Leave Redlands.....11:15 a.m.
Leave Riverside.....12:30 p.m.
Leave Los Angeles.....4:15 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles.....6:35 p.m.

Giving two hours stop at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sight-seeing.

The Observation Car
On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—3½ hours from Los Angeles.

GRAND OPENING OF THE SEASON
SUNDAY, JULY 2ND.

Our Marine Band of 21 artists, and numerous new attractions. Attractive programme for July 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th. Steamer Hermosa running, connecting at San Pedro.

TIME TABLE—Saturday, July 1st. Leave Los Angeles: So. Pacific 9:15 a.m., 6:00 p.m., Terminal 11:00 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Terminal 7:30 p.m. Leave Los Angeles: So. Pacific 10:20 p.m. Monday, July 3rd. Leave Los Angeles: So. Pacific 9:15 a.m., 6:00 p.m., Terminal 10:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m. Leave Los Angeles: So. Pacific 7:30 a.m., 3:00 p.m., Terminal 9:10 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive at Los Angeles: So. Pacific 10:20 p.m. Tuesday, July 4th. Leave Los Angeles: So. Pacific 9:15 a.m. Southern Pacific train will carry day Wilmington, San Pedro and Catalina passengers.

Fare: Round Trip from Los Angeles, good going July 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th, and returning July 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th, \$2.50. BANNING COMPANY, 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. Tel. Main 36.

GOTO TERMINAL ISLAND FOURTH OF JULY—
Or for that matter, any day. You can get a fish dinner at the Gordon Arms Grill or Ye Terminal Tavern that will please, a swim in the open sea that will refresh, a trip on the ocean steamer "J. C. Elliott" that will fill of pleasure, or a sail in one of the numerous yachts that will exhilarate. Grand Band Concerts on Sunday and Fourth of July. A resort ideal and exclusive in its appointments. Reached only by the Terminal Railway. Trains will leave on and after July 2d at 6:00 a.m., 9:10 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 6:15 p.m., 7:30 p.m. (except Sunday). Information and tickets, City Office 214 South Spring Street.

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

THE PHILIPPINES.

FRESH TROOPS

What Gen. Otis Needs
in That Line.

Official Statement Based Upon
His Last Report.

Vacancies Among the Regulars
are to Be Filled.

Transports en Route and Those Due
to Leave—Important Military
Commissions at the President's
Disposal.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, July 3.—Adj't.-Gen. Corbin's office today gave out a statement based on cable advices from Gen. Otis, regarding the numbers of recruits required to fill the vacancies in the regular regiments now in the Philippines, the transports available for the return of volunteers and for the transportation of fresh troops to the Philippines and the estimated time it will take to complete the work of enlistment. Gen. Otis's dispatches to the department are as follows:

"MANILA, July 3.—Adj't.-Gen. General, Washington: Number recruits required to fill companies to 128 each regular regiment: Infantry: Third, 336; Fourth, 304; Sixth, 176; Ninth, 315; Twelfth, 300; Thirteenth, 353; Fourteenth, 739; Sixteenth, 270; Seventeenth, 294; Eighteenth, 828; Twentieth, 338; Twenty-first, 195; Twenty-second, 460; Twenty-third, 650; First Artillery, 8; Third, 256; Fourth, 2; Fifth, 2; Sixth, 93; Fourth Cavalry, 492; Engineers, 7.

"Volunteers yet to be returned: Infantry: California, 1188; Colorado, 114; Idaho, 588; North Dakota, 628; Wyoming, 306; Minnesota, 1165; South Dakota, 917; Wyoming, 906; California, 588; Washington, 1068; Tennessee, 446; Kansas, 1052; Nevada, 2; Iowa, 995; Signal Corps, 106; California and Colorado preparing to take transports: Sherman and Warren leave shortly.

[Signed] "OTIS."

The department sums up the situation as outlined by Gen. Otis in the following statement:

"To meet the requirements of the returning volunteers, the Quartermaster's Department reports that there are now in Manila transports Sherman, Warren and Grant, with capacity of 199 officers and 4924 enlisted men. That there are now on sea, en route to Manila, the Zealandia (due July 20), Sheridan (due July 21), Valencia (due July 26) and Pennsylvania (due July 23), with capacity for 161 officers and 4200 enlisted men. There are now in San Francisco, transports City of Para, which will sail July 12, and Tartar, to sail July 20, with capacity for fifty-five officers and 2300 enlisted men. There are now en route to San Francisco the following transports with capacity for 209 officers and 4694 enlisted men: Ohio, Newport, Indiana, Hancock, Senator, Morgan City and Relief (hospital)."

The present importance of reinforcements for the army of Maj.-Gen. Otis in Luzon was discussed, both at the interview with Gen. Otis, Gen. Corbin, and the Secretary of War, and also in the evening talk with the President, and the determination of the President and the War Department to increase the army in Luzon to the aggregate of nearly 45,000 men, was distinctly announced by the President and his officers. The method of raising new troops was also discussed.

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The department confidently believes the transportation has been so well arranged by the Quartermaster's Department that the last of the volunteers will leave Manila not later than the 10th of September, and it is expected they will all be away by the 1st.

The recruits required for the regular regiments in the Philippines are estimated at 6338 men.

The number of recruits now at sea are 1507; number of recruits to leave San Francisco, 3234, a total of 4791, leaving 1547 yet to be provided for.

The large number of vacancies existing in the Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-third regiments is due to the fact that these regiments went with Gen. Merritt's original expedition to the Philippines, and were not filled to the maximum; also that the men in these regiments who enlisted for the war are just now being discharged; the men enlisted for the war in the other regiments were discharged before the regiments left this country, and the vacancies are due to the increase of the companies from 106 to 128 men.

At the rate of enlistment for the last few weeks, the entire number will be enlisted by the close of the present week.

OFFICERING NEW REGIMENTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The proposed organization of nine volunteer regiments will place a number of important military commissions at the disposal of the President. Although

there will be three new brigades, Adj't.-Gen. Corbin says it is not likely that more than one additional brigadier-general will be needed, the other two being provided for by officers of that grade now in the army whose terms of enlistment are about to expire.

Gen. Grant, who is now in the Philippines, is in this category, and he will probably be one of the three new brigadier-generals. Another officer now in the Philippines is also available for reappointment to the provisional army.

Probably the most important point in connection with the proposed volunteer organization is the President's decision to appoint none but officers of the regular army to the command of the nine new regiments.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 3.—President

McKinley and Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, who arrived here yesterday from the West, had an extended conference today on affairs relating principally to the campaign in the Philippines.

They are personal friends, and their talk on questions they are deeply interested in was enjoyed by both. Late tonight, when asked by a representative of the Associated Press about his conference with the President, Gen. Otis replied:

"Really, there was nothing specially important about it. We discussed pretty thoroughly the situation in the Philippines, and, in a reminiscent way, talked of incidents of the war thirty years ago, in which we both had a part. Beyond that there is little to be said."

"I may say that the President is

Nearly fifty regular army officers had regimental commands during the recent war in the volunteer establishment, and the nine colonels to be assigned to the new regiments will be selected from among that number. The selection will be based entirely upon the records of the officers during the late war, and the nine officers whose practical work in the field was most efficient will receive the appointments.

It is not unlikely, however, that some of the efficient volunteer officers may be selected for subordinate commands in the different regiments, inasmuch as the decision to appoint only regular army officers does not apply to positions below the grade of colonel.

NEW ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—Brig.-Gen. Theodore Schwart, who has been on duty in the Adjutant-General's office at Washington, has arrived here en route to Manila. He has been assigned as adjutant-general on the staff of Maj.-Gen. Otis, and will leave in a few days for his new post.

WITH THE PRESIDENT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

BRIG.-GEN. OTIS DINES AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HOUSTON (Tex.) July 3.—More complete reports from different points of the flooded district say that an immense amount of damage has been done, and at this time an accurate estimate is impossible. Reports from Bryan say the wreck in that vicinity is unparalleled. It is now estimated that the dead will number forty-five.

Both the Brazos and Colorado rivers are receding slowly, and back water is running off very fast. Railway traffic will be resumed in a few days.

REPORTS UP TO NOON.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, July 3.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Austin, Tex., says reports from Central and Southern Texas at noon say the weather has cleared throughout the region flooded. The water is either receding or at a standstill. Calvert is still isolated, except by telephone. Estimates of the number of lives lost place it at thirty. It will be several days before the real situation can be learned. No estimate of property loss places the total at less than \$5,000,000. This includes the damage to railroads, which extends everything ever before known in the State.

In the afternoon Gen. Otis called upon and lunched with the President. Later they drove together, the President holding the lines, and at 5 o'clock in the evening, Gen. Otis and Adj't.-Gen. Corbin dined with the President. Mrs. McKinley's illness prevented her presence at the board.

After the dinner the evening was spent in conversation, mainly about the war, and the splendid conduct of American soldiers in the Philippines. The President expressed himself in terms of the highest praise on this point, and was most emphatic in his utterances of pride and affection for the Eighth Army Corps.

The present importance of reinforcements for the army of Maj.-Gen. Otis in Luzon was discussed, both at the interview with Gen. Otis, Gen. Corbin, and the Secretary of War, and also in the evening talk with the President, and the determination of the President and the War Department to increase the army in Luzon to the aggregate of nearly 45,000 men, was distinctly announced by the President and his officers. The method of raising new troops was also discussed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

ATLANTA, July 3.—Reports from Eagle Lake, Harris county, are that thousands of acres of growing tobacco have been washed away. Lives are reported lost at Eagle Lake. In McLennan county alone the property loss will be \$1,000,000. Most of the railroads in Texas are tied up, owing to the destruction of bridges.

POLITICIANS EXCITED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

THE SOCIALISTS AT BRUSSELS THREATEN A REVOLUTION.

PIANA PLAYING ENDS.

INJUNCTION AGAINST IT BY UNCLE SAM'S ORDERS.

Federal Court Forbids Interference With the Receiver or the Working Miners of the Carterville Mines.

Chief Deputy Marshal Watts and Assistants Will See to It That the Law Receives Due Consideration.

Chicago Stockyards Men to Wait Until September—Gen. Merriman Denies Enmity to Labor. Colorado Arbitration.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] — SPRINGFIELD (Ill.) July 3.—The United States has now taken a hand in the mining troubles at Carterville. This afternoon, upon the application of Charles H. Bosworth, receiver of the St. Louis and Big Muddy Coal Company of Carterville, who was appointed in the Federal Court as such, Judge Allen in the Federal Court issued an omnibus injunction against John Piana and others, restraining them from in any way interfering with the receiver or any of those employed in the mines in its operation.

Chief Deputy Marshal Watts, accompanied by Deputies Weir, Doyle, Spring, Williams and Eaton, has gone to Carterville to enforce the injunction. The State president, J. M. Hunter, of the United Mine Workers left today for Carterville.

WAIT UNTIL SEPTEMBER.

That's What the Chicago Stockyards Leaders Will Do.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, July 3.—All talk of an immediate general strike at the stock yards is apparently over, the leaders having decided to spend the entire summer in organizing their forces. By September, they say, they will be able to back up their demands, with a good show of strength. A committee of 100 will be appointed to add new members to the proposed organization.

Some of the strikers have asked to be returned to their former positions.

NOT LABOR'S ENEMY.

Gen. Merriam Denies the Aspersions of Labor Leaders.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] DENVER, July 3.—Gen. H. C. Merriam, who was in command of the troops at Wardner, Idaho, when martial law was declared there by the State authorities after the Coeur d'Alene miners' riots, took occasion today in an interview to assert that he is not an enemy of labor or unions, as has been represented by James R. Soverel, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and others.

"It is my wish and my hope," declared the general, "that every union miner in the district could declare his innocence and the innocence of his union and obtain the Governor's employment permit, and the higher the wages the better I should have been pleased."

WILL INVESTIGATE DIFFERENCES.

State Board of Arbitration to Meet at Denver Wednesday.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] DENVER, July 3.—President W. N. Buyers of the State Board of Arbitration today notified J. B. Grant, chairman of the Operating Committee of the American Smelting and Refining Company, that at the request of the former employees of the company, the board will meet Wednesday next to investigate the differences existing between the smelter managers and the workingmen, and to discuss with the company's stand representatives to the hearing. It is not known whether the company will come or not.

The Supreme Court today took a recess until July 17, without announcing its decision as to the constitutionality of the eight-hour law.

THE BROOKLYN GRIEVANCES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 3.—President C. L. Rossiter of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company today received a delegation authorized to present the grievances which have occasioned the talk of strike upon the elevated and elevated street-railway lines of Brooklyn. The result of the conference has not yet been made known.

SCALES STILL UNSIGNED.

Pennsylvania Steel Mills Refuse to Recognize Association.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PITTSBURGH, July 3.—Today's mail brought six more signed scales to the Amalgamated Association Pennsylvania headquarters. They were for the Salzburg and Apollo Works of P. H. Lauffman & Co., the Palmer Steel and Iron Company of Munice, Ind., the West Pennsylvania Sheet Steel Company of Leechburg, Pa., the Cleveland Hardware Company of Cleveland, O., and the steel works of the Cumberland Steel and Tin Plate Company of Cumberland, Md.

The scale was presented to the Oliver Iron and Steel Company, South Side works. The company refused to sign, but agreed to pay the rates called for in the scale to all tonnage men, and the works are in full operation.

At Jones & Laughlin's the No. 8 bar man is still idle on account of the strike for advance, but Nos. 9 and 10 bar mills are running full.

COURT OF ARBITRATION.

Sir Julian Pauncefote's Scheme Passes Second Read.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] THE HAGUE, July 3.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Drafting Committee of the Arbitration Committee of the Peace Conference passed the second reading of Sir Julian Pauncefote's scheme for a permanent court of arbitration today, and then took up the Russian scheme, which is now entitled "the law of arbitration, disputes thereunder."

Sir Julian Pauncefote's scheme was amended so as to permit the powers wishing to take advantage of it to propose four names for judges, and also to permit the foreign powers at The Hague to represent the permanent council of arbitration, suggested in the proposal of the heads of the British delegation.

STRIKE IS INEFFECTIVE.

Trouble at Homestead is not Visible, Men at Work.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PITTSBURGH, July 3.—The strike inaugurated at the Homestead Steel Works of the Carnegie Company Saturday has not as yet made any visible effect upon the operation of the great plant. All departments were running as usual today, with a full complement of men. Absolute quiet prevailed at Homestead all day. The strikers are keeping off the streets and are making no attempt to interfere with the men on their way to work. Chief of Police Williams had a line of men sta-

tional about the works when the men changed shifts today, but there was no disturbance.

As it is the custom, the works will close this evening until after the Fourth of July. Work will be resumed at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning. It is announced in certain circles that final efforts will be made to withdraw the strike, and if the results are not favorable the contest can be said to be at an end, so far as open work is concerned. The developments of the next three days will be watched with interest.

The company has never for a moment given up the small strike excited at Homestead. It claims that whatever trouble has resulted in the mills has come from about forty-five men, and that when the report was circulated that there was likely to be a strike, the applications were received from new men who were necessary to fill all vacancies, and that many men were turned away as they could not be employed. A representative of the Carnegie company said that the time-keepers reported that the entire force in the Homestead plant was at work last night, the places of the thirteen discharged amalgamated men having been filled from the waiting list.

MEN STILL OUT.

SECRET MEETINGS OF MINERS BEING HELD AT NEVADA, MO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEVADA (Mo.), July 3.—The order issued by operators of the various Vernon county coal mines stating that striking miners would be given their places back if they resumed work has now expired, and about 500 men are still out. A number of deputy sheriffs guard the mines. Secret meetings of the miners are being held. The operators have agreed to all the strikers' demands except the recognition of their union, and to this they still refuse to accede.

PANIC AT A FIRE.

FRENZIED MEN AND WOMEN RUSH FROM THE BLAZE.

EIGHT PERSONS INJURED BY JUMPING FROM THE WINDOWS OF A BURNING FACTORY AT CHICAGO—MANY OTHERS ARE RESCUED FROM DEATH.

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FRESH TROOPS.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

quite satisfied with affairs in the Philippines, as they are going conducted by Gen. Otis. He has implicit confidence in Gen. Otis, and that confidence is not misplaced. Gen. Otis, who, by the way, is not a relative of mine, combines the excellent qualities of the lawyer, the diplomat, and the soldier. He has no doubt that he will prosecute the Philippine war to a successful conclusion.

"The President is fully determined to put down the insurrection in those islands. His mind is made up on that point. Arrangements have been made to furnish Maj.-Gen. Otis with all the men he needs to put down the rebellion to a successful conclusion. The volunteers, who have distinguished themselves as soldiers, are being brought home as rapidly as possible. They fought brilliantly long after the contract for their services had expired. They fought willingly and without a single complaint."

Gen. Otis was asked whether his conference with the President today had any reference to the rumor that he might take a place in the Cabinet. "I may say as to that," replied the General, "decidedly, 'that is the faintest suggestion that ever been made to me by anyone upon the subject by or to the President. There is absolutely no foundation for the story.'

Gen. Otis will remain here several days, and then will go east before returning to his Los Angeles home.

CALIFORNIA KILLED.

DEPARTURE OF SOLDIERS CAUSES OUTBREAK IN ISLAND OF NEGROS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MANILA, July 3, 6:05 p.m.—[By Manila Cable] Reports have been received here of an outbreak in the Island of Negros, incident upon the departure of the California regiment for home. Some hostile natives, seeing a company of soldiers at one of the small posts preparing to depart, thought the Americans were evacuating the island, and a party of 25 rebels, mostly Bogos men, attacked the troops and killed one man and wounded another belonging to Co. E. The Filipinos were easily driven off.

The transport Sherman will bring the California troops to Manila before starting for San Francisco. The transport Grant will soon embark the Colorado regiment.

MANILA CASUALTIES.

TWO SOLDIERS KILLED AND THREE WOUNDED REPORTED BY GEN. OTIS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 3.—The War Department has received the following additional casualties from Gen. Otis:

FOURTH CAVALRY.

Killed.
At Montilapa, June 26, Co. C, WILLIAM NOLAN.

SEVENTH INFANTRY.

Near San Fernando, June 13, Co. E, JOHN C. MUNNER.

TWELFTH INFANTRY.

Wounded:
Co. E, W. H. DINGLEY, elbow, slight.
Co. F, MARION C. WISE, wrist, slight.

FIFTY-FIRST IOWA.

Co. C, EDWARD F. BROWN, moderate.

COST OF TRANSPORTS.

Service Has Cost More Than Five Million Dollars.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The examiner prints in tabulated form a statement, showing the cost of transport service on this Coast since the war began. The total is placed at \$5,930,218, of which \$4,223,400 was expended in twenty-two vessels.

The amount spent on these transports, when they were not in actual use, being held in port either here or at Manila, is placed at \$738,951. The remainder of the total cost of the service was used in the purchase of vessels and in fitting out for official water, etc. The figures are not official, but are said to be based on close estimates.

BOOKED FOR MANILA.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The first thought is to have started from spontaneous combustion among some old rags in the basement. The building stood at No. 1458 Indiana avenue, and was a five-story brick structure. The flames quickly spread to the roof, and then to the wooden shaft and stairway. The inflammable nature of the stock caused the building to be soon in flames, rendering escape impossible. The occupants of the building became panic-stricken and rushed to the windows.

Those who went to the front where there was a fire escape, were able to escape. On the north side, however, many of the frenzied women leaped out of the third-story windows to the roof of a shed. It was at this point that most of those injured suffered. On the north side of the building several young girls, down a ladder, caused by Mrs. George Caldwell and Mrs. Rend, residents of the neighborhood.

Courageous work resulted in the rescue of a large number of the women and men who were employed in the buildings, but eight of the most frenzied women were severely hurt in the falling from the burning structure. All of the injured women were taken to St. Luke's Hospital, about 200 feet from the scene of the fire. Josie Kuta, one of the girls employed in the picking room, says she believes several of her companions failed to escape.

Sparkeletz was last seen rushing toward the elevator shaft on the third floor, but being old and feeble, he was borne back by the frightened women and men, and has not been heard of since. He was foreman of the embellishment department. Tyler of the Western Paper Stock Company, said that the loss of his concern would reach \$80,000.

COURT OF ARBITRATION.

Sir Julian Pauncefote's Scheme Passes Second Read.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] THE HAGUE, July 3.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Drafting Committee of the Arbitration Committee of the Peace Conference passed the second reading of Sir Julian Pauncefote's scheme for a permanent court of arbitration today, and then took up the Russian scheme, which is now entitled "the law of arbitration, disputes thereunder."

Sir Julian Pauncefote's scheme was amended so as to permit the powers wishing to take advantage of it to propose four names for judges, and also to permit the foreign powers at The Hague to represent the permanent council of arbitration, suggested in the proposal of the heads of the British delegation.

STRIKE IS INEFFECTIVE.

Trouble at Homestead is not Visible, Men at Work.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PITTSBURGH, July 3.—The strike inaugurated at the Homestead Steel Works of the Carnegie Company Saturday has not as yet made any visible effect upon the operation of the great plant. All departments were running as usual today, with a full complement of men. Absolute quiet prevailed at Homestead all day. The strikers are keeping off the streets and are making no attempt to interfere with the men on their way to work. Chief of Police Williams had a line of men sta-

KILLED BY A ROBBER.

J. M. RODGERS AND CLINTON WINGFIELD BOTH DEAD.

Proprietors of a Store at Camp Verde, Ariz., Which Two Masked Men Held Up Late Sunday Night.

Capt. John Boyd Seriously Wounded. The Men Fail to Get Money or Goods, and are Now Being Hotly Pursued.

San Francisco Laborer Attempts Suicide—Epworth League in Convention—Alligators at the Chutes Fight.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
PHOENIX (Ariz.) July 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A special to the Republican from Jerome says that J. M. Rodgers and C. D. Wingfield, merchants at Camp Verde, twenty-four miles from Jerome, in the Verde Valley, were murdered last night by supposed robbers. The dead men were proprietors of a country store under the firm name of Rodgers & Wingfield. At this season of the year a heavy business is done with tourists and travelers to and from the Grand Canyon.

Last night, just as they were closing up the store for the night, two men opened fire without warning. Rodgers and Wingfield were killed, and old Capt. John Boyd, a noted character in Arizona, who was staying with them, was shot through the leg.

This morning couriers came to Jerome for coffins and to wire Sheriff Munds at Prescott. A posse is out from Camp Verde on the trail. It is not likely the desperados will be brought back alive. The murdered men were widely known. Rodgers was a middle-aged man of family, and Wingfield was about 26 years of age and unmarried.

The entire country is aroused. There is great excitement, and indignation is manifested in all quarters. From meager details at hand, no description of the murderers can be obtained, but it is thought that two men who were recently acquitted at Jerome for stealing horses from Indians are the guilty parties.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

BOSTON Police Officer Takes a Man from Seattle.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]
SEATTLE (Wash.) July 3.—W. E. Baker, who was wanted in Boston, Mass., on the charge of embezzlement, was smuggled out of the State last night by Inspector Morrissey of the Boston police force, who feared further habeas corpus proceedings.

Baker was arrested some time ago, but appealed to the State Supreme Court for a writ of habeas corpus. The Court denied his application. He was preparing an appeal to United States District Judge Hanford, who, in a similar case, recently ruled that he had jurisdiction to review the action of the Governor and reverse the decision of the State Supreme Court.

Morrissey is supposed to have left with Baker on the Portland train last night.

A posse of citizens was organized at Camp Verde for pursuit of the robbers, and on the receipt of the news here this morning the Sheriff and one deputy left for the scene of the tragedy. The murdered men were both young and very popular, and should the murderers be caught in the vicinity of the crime it is doubtful if they ever reach Prescott alive, as the feeling throughout Verde Valley is very bitter against them.

CHINESE CRUELTY.
Oriental Student Deceived and Cast into a Prison.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

VICTORIA, July 3.—According to the Peking correspondent of the *Peking Daily News*, Dr. Yung Wing, LL.D., of Yale University, was studying medicine and law at Yale up to three months ago, when he was visited by a Chinese, with whom he left Yale for the West. It has since been learned that this Chinese brought to Dr. Yung Wing letters and papers from Prince Chang, conferring upon him a position under the Imperial Chinese government, providing he accompanied the bearer of the letters to Shanghai. The doctor accepted the paper, and he and the Chinese friend sailed on the steamer Coptic for Shanghai.

As soon as the two Chinese were put ashore from the launch which took them from the Coptic at Wusung, they were met by a number of Chinese, who bound the doctor and threw him into a bamboo cage in which he was carried to Peking. On his arrival at the Chinese capital, the doctor was imprisoned in a jail. While he was horribly tortured, his body being burned with hot irons.

It was given out by the local authorities that Dr. Wing was imprisoned because he was believed to have had some relations in the secret with the late reform movement, but it is alleged that, in reality, he was made a prisoner by Prince Chang, who hoped to extort money from his friends. This scheme was nipped in the bud by an American resident of Peking, who, on hearing the doctor managed to send word of his predicament, and who succeeded in effecting his release.

HARTFORD (Ct.) July 3.—Yung Wing was resident of Hartford, a score of years ago, and married a sister of Dr. E. R. Kellogg. The latter was shown the Victoria Hospital and he pronounced it false in every particular. Yung Wing left this country three years ago, and has not returned since. He is in a different section than that indicated, being in Hongkong. He writes regularly to Dr. Kellogg, the last letter being received only a week ago.

FOLGER PARTY ALIVE.
Six Alaskan Miners Reaged at Arctic City.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]
SEATTLE (Wash.) July 3.—News has been received that the members of the Folger party, supposed to have perished in the wilds of interior Alaska, are still alive. Almost crazed by hunger and hardships, they drugged themselves into Arctic City, where they were tenderly cared for by the Winthrop mining people, and restored to health.

In the Folger party were John Folger, Jack Mallon, Herman Jacob, Jack Walsh and Isadore Vidal, all of San Francisco, and Frank Moses of Boston. They started September 28 from Rampart City for the Yukon River, expecting to make a flying trip. When a few days out they found that their outfit was entirely in

adequate, and three of the party returned to Rampart.

The others pushed on over mountains of snow and ice. In ten days they were entirely lost, and, for two weeks, wandered around at random, subsisting on raw fish, which was furnished by Moses' St. Bernard dogs. Finally they succeeded in locating their position by finding articles once owned by Folger, in a lonely hut. Then they pushed on to Arctic City.

SEOUL RIOTERS BEHEADED.

Korean Insurgents Reported to Be Marching on the Capital.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

TACOMA, July 3.—Local advanced state that twenty ringleaders of the rioters who destroyed and burned the electric tramway cars, at Seoul last month, were executed in public at Korea's capital four weeks ago. They met their fate bravely. Their heads were cut off and exhibited in public places as a warning to all evil-doers. It was believed that this summary execution would also have an important influence on the leaders of the Korean rebellion, which was assuming large proportions. At last accounts the insurgents were marching toward Seoul.

The Emperor and his Cabinet are thoroughly alarmed. A late message states that the government at Seoul has sent instructions to the governors of Kueang and Chilju to proceed to Kofa to suppress the insurrection. A telegram from Chemulpo says the Japanese Charge d'Affaires at Seoul has sent a letter to the Korean government, advising it to abolish the laws for the punishment of adulteresses in trial by ordeal. This would allay the fears of those who are being kept in the insurgent ranks by threats of exposing them to punishment by the government.

PACIFIC COAST CHAMPIONSHIP.

George F. Whitney And Summer Hardy Play Tennis Today.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN RAFAEL, July 3.—The twelfth annual lawn tennis tournament for the gentlemen's singles championship of the Pacific Coast attracted a large attendance to the courts here today. After the first trials had resulted in the wedging-out of the poorer players real interest in the sport began, and much enthusiasm was manifested over the fine work of the experts.

In the second round, Paul Seiby defeated Grant Smith in a rather dull contest. Then came what was probably the best game ever seen on this coast, in which George F. Whitney beat Sam Pardy by a score of 6-4, 6-4. The semi-finals were not played, Seiby defeating to Whitney, who thus became winner of the day's tournament.

Tomorrow Whitney will meet Summer Hardy, the champion, in the final struggle for the championship.

PRISONER IS SMUGLED.

BOSTON Police Officer Takes a Man from Seattle.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.) July 3.—W. E. Baker, who was wanted in Boston, Mass., on the charge of embezzlement, was smuggled out of the State last night by Inspector Morrissey of the Boston police force, who feared further habeas corpus proceedings.

Baker was arrested some time ago, but appealed to the State Supreme Court for a writ of habeas corpus. The Court denied his application. He was preparing an appeal to United States District Judge Hanford, who, in a similar case, recently ruled that he had jurisdiction to review the action of the Governor and reverse the decision of the State Supreme Court.

Morrissey is supposed to have left with Baker on the Portland train last night.

HOLLISTER GETS IT.

Next State Convention of the Epworth League is Located.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SANTA ROSA, July 3.—This was the fourth day's session of the Epworth League State Convention. Reports from the State officers showed a successful year in league work, with a large increase in membership, especially among the juniors. The missionary assessment remains as heretofore, at 25 cents per capita.

COPIC IN HONOLULU.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The steamer Copic arrived late tonight from Hongkong, via Honolulu. She anchored in the stream, and owing to the strict quarantine regulations at this port, neither passengers nor mail matter will be landed until after a thorough inspection of the vessel, which will be made tomorrow.

MUSCAT'S GRAPE SHOT.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—Edward Muscat, the slayer of Miss Sanchez, was charged with the crime of murder by the Coroner's jury today. He was preparing an appeal to United States District Judge Hanford, who, in a similar case, recently ruled that he had jurisdiction to review the action of the Governor and reverse the decision of the State Supreme Court.

Muscat is supposed to have left with Baker on the Portland train last night.

Runaway Horse's Victim.

YUBA CITY, July 3.—W. B. Campbell, deputy assessor of this city, who was thrown down by a runaway horse and severely injured is dead. He was prominent in public affairs in this part of the State.

BANK TAXATION DECISION.

SEATTLE (Wash.) July 3.—In the Federal Court today Judge Hanford decided that the capital stock of a bank is not stock for taxation purposes, until its issuance has been duly certified and authorized by the Comptroller of the Currency.

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INVITING THE CONFERENCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA ROSA, July 3.—This afternoon's session of the Epworth League Convention was devoted principally to listening to reports of committees. Rev. J. C. Simons of Modesto and Rev. H. W. Knickerbocker of Los Angeles were elected delegates to the International Epworth League conference at Indianapolis, and were instructed to use their endeavors to bring the next session of that body to California. The annual meeting will adjourn sine die.

SHOOTING OF DAN DONNELLY.

FRESNO, July 3.—The coroner's jury that inquired into the mysterious shooting of Dan Donnelly in the town of Lodi several days ago, brought in a sensational verdict this evening, finding that Jack Brooks, a bartender, instead of Other Tony Rice, a bartender, shot down by a runaway horse and severely injured is dead.

At 10 o'clock yesterday the announcement was made that Frank A. Wadleigh had tendered his resignation as general passenger agent of the Rio Grande Western Railway. He will be succeeded by George R. Both.

Both are among the best-known passenger agents in the western country.

A Harrisburg (Pa.) dispatch says Sheriff Keyes and Deputy Mackey of the State Police are investigating the papers for the extradition of Federal Steel Yards killer Robert Gonne, switchman, and David Sanders, engineer. Albert Dickinson, switchman, and John F. Hardin, porter, were found to have been accomplices to the killing. Ardel and Brooks were already in jail. Rice was arrested tonight, and held without bail.

ED LEAKE'S SALARY.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The Supreme Court has granted the application of many men recently granted to Ed Leake, the State Comptroller to appear and show cause why he should not pay petitioner's salary. The assets are \$155,000; liabilities, \$218,000. Improperly secured loans caused the receiver's ship.

NIGHT DISPATCHES CONDENSED.

The officials of the German Foreign Office at Berlin have officially denied the report of the Associated Press that Edward VII has named Prince Herbert Bismarck Ambassador to Washington, or any other diplomatic post.

A Joliet dispatch says an engine on the Chicago, St. Louis and San Francisco railroad, in the vicinity of Elgin, Illinois, was struck by a freight train.

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A Harrisburg (Pa.) dispatch says Sheriff Keyes and Deputy Mackey of the State Police are investigating the papers for the extradition of John H. Green, a noted confidence man, for feeding farmers and the murder of a cabman. Green's attorneys have filed a protest with the U. S. Commissioner, and the U. S. Commissioner has ordered the extradition of the prisoner, and nothing will be done until Gov. Stone returns Wednesday from Wellsburg.

Sh. W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth & Co., Limited, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, the well-known makers of English ordnance, have filed two suits in law against the United States Naval Ordnance offices for an aggregate of \$300,000, for an illegal infringement of patent on gun mountings for heavy guns. Admiral Charles O. Nell, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department, Capt. Alexander G. McRae, commanding officer of the Washington navy-yard, Commander Edwin C. Pendleton, superintendent of the naval gunshops at the yard in Washington, are named as defendants.

CUSTOMHOUSE PROPERTY SOLD.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The Secretary of the Treasury sold on the New York Stock Exchange, property of which there were three. He awarded the property to the National City Bank of New York on its bid of \$3,265,000, this being the highest proposal. There were two other bids, viz.: One at \$3,075,000, and the other at \$3,060,000.

On Oct. 1 the sale will be made in the name of its president, James S. Stillwell, who was present. He enclosed a check for \$150,000 as part payment, and stated that in his letter of transmittal, that he preferred paying a large portion of the purchase price in cash.

abolished the Kindergarten.

SAN JOSE, July 3.—The Board of Education tonight passed a resolution abolishing the kindergarten. This was done for the purpose of saving money. The action taken last fall was illegal, the meeting which abolished the schools not having been regularly called.

OLD LADY TAKES STRYCHINE.

OAKLAND, July 3.—Mrs. Julia Hayes, aged 69, committed suicide at her home in Livermore today by taking a dose of strychnine. The cause is not known.

SAN JOSE LABRARIANS.

SAN JOSE, July 3.—The Board of Library Trustees tonight elected Mrs. McLennie Egan Barnaby and Mary Barberard assistants.

not be deported on the order of an immigration officer.

WHEELER MAY ACCEPT.

University President-elect Will Visit Berkeley by Request.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—Prof. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president-elect of the University of California, has accepted the invitation of the board of regents to come here and study the situation at Berkeley. Most of the regents who voted for Prof. Wheeler believe that he will accept the presidency of the university.

He will be present at the inauguration.

GRAIN AND FREIGHT RATES.

New Schedule of Railway Commission Nov. 1 in Effect.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The new schedule of grain and freight rates, as recently fixed by the Railroad Commissioners, went into effect today. When the resolution changing the rates was first adopted, the Southern Pacific filed a protest. The change has been complied with, however, and Mr. Stith's authority is given for his company.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from the mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

The following letter from Miss MARIE

F. JOHNSON, Centralia, Pa., shows what neglect will do, and tells how Mrs. Pinkham helped her:

"My health became so poor that I had to leave school. I was tired all the time, and had dreadful pains in my side and back. I was also troubled with irregularities of menses. I was very weak, and lost so much flesh that my friends became alarmed. My mother, who is a firm believer in your remedies from experience, thought perhaps they might benefit me, and wrote you for advice. I followed the advice you gave, and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as you directed, and am now as well as I ever was. I have gained flesh and have a good color. I am completely cured of irregularity."

Carbolic Acid Burned Her.

REDDING, July 3.—Bessie Woodward, a boarder at the Mountain View House, was almost burned to death last night. Friday she mistook carbolic acid for glycerine and burned her face horribly. Last night, while lying in bed, she lighted a cigarette, and the cotton in which her face was bandaged ignited and burned her face terribly. Her companion seated a candle and finally succeeded in smothering the flames. The injured woman's screams could be heard blocks away. She will recover but her face will be lastingly disfigured.

Nippon Mart and Crew.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The Nippon Mart is expected to sail on Saturday. It has not yet been decided how Capt

FARCE CONTINUED.

POLICE COMMISSION INVESTIGATES COURSING IMBROGLIO.

Everybody "Misunderstood" Orders and the Police Used Their Own Judgment in Dealing With the Case.

Citizens' Committee Says It Looked Like a Job Put Up Between Black and the Police.

Black Says the Town is Run by "Long-hairs"—Blames the Chief for the Trouble.

Having been defeated through no fault of his own in his efforts to have coursing and gambling at Agricultural Park stopped, and chagrined at the farce that was made of what was intended as a pretense at obedience to his orders, Mayor Eaton has again declared that coursing shall be stopped at that park today. Realizing, perhaps, that if he wants the thing done to his satisfaction, he will have to do it himself, he will this morning at 10 o'clock place himself at the head of twenty or more policemen, with twice that many in reserve, and move upon the park, determined that there shall be no violations of the law there if every man who is found there has to be arrested. The capture of an enemy's supply of ammunition is considered by military men as important a movement, if all of it is captured, as the taking of a stronghold by storm, and the Mayor, having discovered a law which he thinks will justify just such a strategic move in his present campaign against F. D. Black, declares that if an attempt will be made to run coursing matches at the park this morning, he will not only arrest all the men engaged therein, but will promptly seize all the jack rabbits in the park. If coursing can be run there without rabbits, he wants to see how it is done.

"I intend to go down to the park in person tomorrow," said the Mayor. "I will take with me a sufficient number of men to enforce orders properly and promptly, and to stop coursing at the park. Who I may stop, I mean just what that word means. There will be no monkeying about this matter this time. I cannot understand why such a condition could have prevailed there Sunday, for there were no strings to my orders, and it never occurred to me that they would not be enforced. I shall do the same tomorrow, and if I have to arrest every man at the park and keep arresting them all day, there will be no coursing there. I did all that I considered necessary to stop law-breaking yesterday, and I propose to know why the orders were not obeyed. There will be a special meeting of the commission this morning, and we will know before night who is responsible for the matter."

But the Mayor did not learn and does not know now. He tried to find out and the investigation was held. After admitted that he did not know after the investigation, who was to blame. One of the other commissioners asserted that the investigation was as much a farce as had been Sunday's police comedy at the park. The others would not say what they thought of the matter. Black carried his point. Glass made good his promise, and that morning, he will know before night who is responsible for the matter."

The Mayor had been informed Sunday night of the farce that the police had made of his orders, and was therefore not in the best of humor when he reached his office yesterday morning. When he learned the extent of that farce, and especially when some of his friends twitted him at the failure of his efforts to stop it, he was angry. Had the members of the Board of Police Commissioners not come to his office to attend a special meeting, he would have summoned them. They, too, were vitally interested in the matter, for the Mayor had issued his orders as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners, and disregard of these orders was considered another insult to the board itself.

The board was to hold a meeting to discuss the police pension fund at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, but the several members of the board arrived there long before that hour. They went at once to the mayor's private office, and police pension funds were forgotten in the discussion of the more important matter, which was not only the talk of the City Hall, but of the town. To the other commissioners the Mayor asserted that the disregard for orders had been too serious to be allowed, and he demanded that an investigation be held as soon as possible. The other commissioners agreed with him, and it was finally settled that if necessary an all-day session would be held to determine who was at fault.

The Mayor, in the only interview which was arranged at Sunday's session, told the members of the board that the subject of the pension fund had been disposed of. The Mayor knew what they were there for, but he asked whether they had anything to bring before the board, and when they answered that they had, he immediately called the commissioners to order again. P. B. Chase read the delegation, and presented the following:

"Whereas the Mayor of the city of Los Angeles assured us, the citizens of the Fifth Ward, on Tuesday, June 27, that the unlawful practices carried on at Agricultural Park would be suppressed on Sunday, July 2, and, whereas, on Sunday, July 2, the coursing and gambling continued with the exception of a time from fifteen to thirty minutes in the afternoon, therefore be it

"Resolved, that we hereby request the Police Commissioners to investigate the reasons for the nonenforcement of the laws by the police department."

(Signed)

C. W. Sexton, P. B. Chase, George M. Smith, H. W. Walz, R. J. Doyle, B. P. Tilden, Newton Hogan, E. Flory, F. M. Cummins, J. H. Blair, J. A. Simpson, Francis M. Farley, Charles W. Baker, William Baker, E. Leake, B. W. Palmer, F. W. Abbott, A. E. Gwynn, E. L. Haskins, W. P. Trumbull.

Mr. Chase, in a short address to the commissioners, told them what he had seen in the park during the day, and after relating how the police had stopped their actions to the convenience and profit of F. D. Black, he said:

"If there had been an understanding between Black and the Chief, or others in authority, by which coursing or was to be permitted, it could not have been carried out any better or more

to Black's advantage. If such an understanding between Black and the police existed, it should be known. I do not openly charge that such was the case, but an observer there yesterday could not help believing that it must have happened to the surface. We come here simply as citizens, as taxpayers to whom a solemn promise was made that there would be no more lawlessness. We do not like having to come here. We have had to act in a measure as policemen, and police duty is distasteful to us. We have a right to demand the protection of the law, and it is our duty to give us, and we now ask that you take such action as seems to you right and proper to put a stop to law-breaking in our part of the city."

Attorney James S. Dougherty declared that he belonged to no organization that was in contact with the United States of America, and considered that good enough for anybody. He believed in the enforcement of all law. If the law was not good, it was the duty of those in authority to change it. "The Mayor promised to change the law, and he believed he would do so. Somebody has failed somewhere, and it should be as much the Mayor's desire as ours to ascertain where that failure lies, and deal properly with whoever may be found to have been at fault," said he.

"I have requested the commission to take up the subject and send the Mayor to the citizens' delegation, 'and they have agreed to do so at once. We will hold a special meeting today, but we have not decided at what hour. The law is going to be enforced, and I was not the cause of yesterday's violation. I shall see to the matter myself tomorrow. We will then those of you who were at the park yesterday appear before the board at the special meeting, and tell what you saw." It was then decided that the special meeting would be held at 2 o'clock, and the committee was so informed.

After the committee had reported, there was an informal discussion of the matter among those present. Commissioner Pascoe was asked what he thought of the trouble, and replied: "It is a most unfortunate affair. If the Chief is to blame, he has made a worse break than he did last Tuesday. He had the opportunity yesterday to himself, and to have made the settlement of the other trouble much easier for us."

Immediately after the meeting the Mayor canceled an engagement he had preside at the Fourth of July meeting at Hazard's Pavilion this morning, and stated that he may have an opportunity to go to Agricultural Park to suppress coursing. He held a long consultation with Chief Glass and instructed him to have Sergeant Smith and the officers who were with him at the park Sunday, appear at the special meeting in the afternoon.

THE INVESTIGATION.

Long before the hour set for the special meeting of the Police Commission, the members of the delegation of citizens appeared at the Mayor's office. The members of the commission also arrived early and again consulted privately on the subject to be brought before them. When the meeting was called to order, the Mayor stated the purpose of it, and Commissioner Goss asked that all witnesses be put under oath. P. B. Chase of the Los Angeles Seventy-seventh street was sworn by Senator Trowbridge and recited what he had seen at Agricultural Park the day before. He had arrived there about 2:30 o'clock, at which time coursing and pool-selling were in progress. He saw the police there, but there was for a long time no effort whatever to the law. Black's programme was carried out practically without interruption, for while he was there no time was lost in selling pools. He saw several rabbits killed. After a long time he witnessed the arrival of the police, but there was no coursing. The two men first arrested. It took an hour for Black to go up to the Police Station and return, and during that hour there was not an interval of more than ten minutes in the selling of pools. This was not told to the commission.

In this connection what Smith did not tell was of greater importance and interest than what he related. His statement gave the impression that after the arrest he had gone at once to the other side of the track; that he was kept busy looking after one side of the track in the time that he was as active in the other. In his duty to the public he had been compelled to do this. After arresting the two pool-sellers, he had started toward the gate with them but returned later and then went to the "slipper's" booth.

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The reason Smith gave for not arresting a second time the men who returned after being released on bail, and resumed their pool selling, was that having made one arrest he had been made by Assistant District Attorney Scherer that a second arrest would complicate the case, and was therefore not desirable. Another reason was that he had left the place earlier than the other officers. He knew his prisoners, and if they committed a violation of the law a second time he knew he could complain for them and find them leniently treated.

"Is that your understanding of the law?" asked Commissioner Parker amazed.

"Do you mean to tell this commission that if a man murders another, and when released on bail commits another murder, that you will not arrest him for the second crime because you might prosecute the first?"

Smith replied that he had consulted Attorney Chambers about the matter that morning (Monday) and had been informed that he had taken the safer course. He asserted that the officers and if they committed a violation of the law a second time he knew he could complain for them and find them leniently treated.

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NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention. Rate: one cent a word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement, 15 cents:

- F. D. Owen's Drug Store, Belmont; avenue and Temple street.
- Boyle Heights Drug Store, 1952 East First street.
- William H. Harmon, Ph. G., 768 Pasadena ave., Junction Drive at Chicago Pharmacy, F. J. Kneil, Ph. G., prop., Central avenue and Twelfth street.
- National Pharmacy, corner Sixteenth and Grand Avenue.

The Times will receive of a minimum charge of 50 cents "liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

Liners

SPECIAL NOTICES

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING—We do not now find an expert tuner and repairer of pianos. Julius Lindgren, an expert in that line, is here and intends to remain here permanently. He has the highest recommendations from the best artists and vocalists. Stewarts & Sons, Hartman, Peck & Co., and other first-class piano manufacturers. He can make an old piano play again. New tunings. Please leave orders before Saturday of this week at the NADEAU HOTEL OFFICE. Tel. main 25. Price for tuning, \$2.50. Boston Dyers Works, 11 N. Spring st.

WORKS, NEW HIGH ST. Gents' suits dry cleaned, \$1.50. Gents' pants dry cleaned, 50c. Ladies' skirts dry cleaned, 50c. Ladies' waists dry cleaned, 50c. Fancy articles of every description cleaned and dry. Tailored establishment. We guarantee for all kinds of repairs. We guarantee perfect satisfaction.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—FOR THE SIX months ending June 30, 1899, the Los Angeles Savings Bank, 220 N. Main st., paid dividends to depositors at the rate of four (4) per cent per annum, and on ordinary deposits at the rate of three (3) per cent per annum, payable after July 1, 1899, W. M. CASWELL, Secretary.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO TEACHERS AND TOURISTS, change of address. Miss Schaefer will receive all correspondence. Will personally conduct excursions to points of interest on Southern Pacific in vicinity of Los Angeles, and local towns and country in desirable homes in city and suburbs.

THE NEW RAY, 1030 S. HOPE ST., MANUFACTURERS OF LIFE, PHOTOGRAPHY, and illustrations of life, photography, which will invite every student of science who is interested in psychology to see the aid of the cameras will illustrate the Law of Mental Sight. Charges reasonable. New classes are being formed for those desirous of instruction in the mind. Office hours, 9-11 and 2-5.

NOTICE—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—The meat-market business, No. 625 W. Sixth st., owned by Stuart & Wellenkotter, was on June 19 dissolved by mutual consent. H. P. STUART, 11 N. Wellenkotter.

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. will clean your carpet at 2¢ per yard, will clean and lay at 40¢ per square yard. Work 50c. Second fl., 225 W. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO WORK ON SICK LADY. Inquire for MRS. JONES, 422 Temple st.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO COOK FOR PRIVATE FAMILY. Call 1020 W. 22d ST.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK AND SEC'D GIRL. 228 W. ADAMS ST.

WANTED

Help, Male.

WANTED—20 WAITERS EXTRA TODAY.

Call early 82 and 83 for the day. REIN'S AGENCY, 120 S. Spring st.

WANTED—MAN TO CAP FRUIT CANS BY CONTRACT. LOS NIETOS VALLEY CANNING CO., Downey, Cal.

WANTED—RELIABLE SOLICITORS PERMANENT, lucrative family trade. Apply 734 S. SPRING ST.

WANTED—STRONG ACTIVE BOY TO WORK NUMBER 1. Apply 223 N. AVE. 18, 4.

CASH FOR ACCEPTABLE IDEAS. STATE UPON THEM. THE PAPER RECORD, BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED—SHINGLERS. TWO BLOCKS west of Central ave. on 49th ST.

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Los Angeles Daily Times.

THE TIMES MIRROR COMPANY.

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

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The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 23,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES AND FROM 18,500 TO 28,000 WIRED WORDS DAILY.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1898..... 18,091
Daily Net Average for 1899..... 19,258
Daily Net Average for 1898..... 26,131

NEARLY 800,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT

LOS ANGELES THEATER. A Bachelor's Honeymoon. ORPHEUM. Vaudeville.

YESTERDAY—MONDAY, 23,560.

The circulation of THE TIMES on yesterday, Monday, July 3, 1899, was 23,560 copies, distributed as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------|--------|
| City delivery | 10,403 |
| Country agents | 10,633 |
| Mail subscribers | 1,270 |
| Railroad news companies | 843 |
| Office sales | 320 |
| All other circulation | 85 |
| Total | 23,560 |

The attention of local advertisers is called to the large circulation of THE TIMES in this city and suburbs, and of general advertisers to the large circulation in both city and country shown above.

"THE FOURTH."

It is certainly not necessary to remind any reader of THE TIMES that today is the anniversary of Independence day—"the day we celebrate." All over this blessed land of freedom are found ocular and auricular evidences, in abundance, that the anniversary so dear to us all has not been forgotten. There is no danger that it ever will be forgotten by Americans, either young or old. It means so much to each and to all, that its memory will be cherished by every true and loyal American, so long as the great republic endures.

The annual celebration of Independence day has become one of our fixed institutions. We have other holidays, other celebrations, but the "glorious Fourth" is dearer and nearer to the American heart than any other—than all.

Our celebrations of "the Fourth" may sometimes appear to be a trifle perfunctory. To some extent, at times, they are so. But back of all the seeming indifference of custom is a deep-seated, sincere patriotism, which is inherent in the American character, and which cannot be eradicated. Our celebrations may sometimes seem meaningless, in a certain sense. But a thorough analysis will disclose the trenchant fact that, so far from being meaningless, they possess the most profound significance, and reach down to the very foundations of our national character and existence.

We celebrate the natal day of our national life with seeming levity. It is the one day of the year when individual freedom is least restricted, and every citizen may do as he will, provided he does not violate the law. Even minor infractions of the strict letter of the law are looked upon with some degree of leniency on this day, which is perhaps well enough, if not carried too far. But the significance of this day is well understood by all, and under our apparent levity there is a profound reverence for the occasion in the heart of every true American.

Noise—noise of every kind and description—is the principal feature of our celebration of Independence day. The nervous citizen, to whom all this noise is naturally distasteful and annoying, should make all possible allowances, brace his nerves, catch the spirit of the occasion, and thank heaven that he is so fortunate as to dwell in a land of freedom, where "a man may speak the thing he will." There is no use in trying to stop the celebration of "the Fourth." It is bound to go on in the good, old-fashioned way, and the kicker is sure to learn, to his sorrow, that it is "hard to kick against the pricks."

Los Angeles has prepared a fitting public celebration, and her thousands of citizens will each observe the day as best pleases them, individually and collectively. Let everybody do his best to have a good time. When we cease to celebrate the Fourth of July, we shall cease to be Americans.

And now they have found a copper mine up in Alaska with chunks of native copper in it as big as trunks, but as trunks vary in size from the four by six inches kind in which the juvenile women pack their doll rags, to the size the grown girls pack their summer toggiery in when they go to the seaside, we are in some doubt as to the magnitude of the find. However, we still believe that the Alaska prospector who locates a roast-beef mine is the fellow who will strike it rich.

Bob Ingorsoll says President McKinley must end the war or the war will end him. When the Pope speaks it is time for the rest of us to dry up, but at the same time permit us to say that Robert wants the war stopped why on earth doesn't he go over there and help the boys to stop it.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING.

Many inquiries are made in regard to the prospect of work being commenced on the enlargement of the Los Angeles Federal building. Congressman Waters has received a letter from Secretary Gage of the Treasury Department in regard to the subject. Through the efforts of ex-Senator White, Senators Perkins and Congressmen Waters certain floor plans for the new building were prepared, which plans were endorsed by every Federal office in Southern California. These plans were submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, and in his letter he states that all plans for government buildings are prepared by the supervising architect of the Treasury Department in Washington, except when the Secretary of the Treasury elects to have the plans drawn by a local architect in accordance with the Tarnay act, which reads as follows:

"Chapter 146—An act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to obtain plans and specifications for public buildings, to be erected under the supervision of the Treasury Department, and providing for local supervision of the construction of the same."

"Be it enacted, etc.: (1) that the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized in his discretion, to obtain plans, drawings and specifications for the erection of public buildings for the United States, authorized by Congress to be erected under the supervision and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the local supervisor of the construction thereof by competition among architects under such conditions as he may prescribe, and to make payment for the services

of the architect whose plan may be selected, out of the appropriations for the respective buildings;

"Provided, that not less than five architects shall be invited by the said Secretary to compete for the said furnishing of such plans and specifications, and the supervision of such construction:

"And further provided, that the general supervision of the work shall continue in the office of the supervising architect of the Treasury Department, the supervising architect to be the representative of the government in all matters connected with the erection and completion of such buildings, the receipt of proposals, the award of contracts therefor, and the disbursement of money thereunder, and perform all the duties that now pertain to his office, except the preparation of drawings and specifications for such buildings and the local supervision thereof, the said drawings and specifications, however, to be subject at all times to modification and change relating to plan or arrangement of buildings and selection of material therefor as may be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury." (February 20, 1893.)

This method of submitting plans is undoubtedly better and decidedly more popular than the old method of drawing the plans in Washington, D. C., where they have no knowledge of local architecture, or of local conditions. In order that there may be no delay in the needed improvements, Congressman Waters has sent a strong telegram to Secretary Gage, urging prompt action, and recommending that the plans for the building be drawn in accordance with the Tarnay act. He has also requested Senator Perkins to telegraph to Secretary Gage in regard to the matter.

A CHANCE FOR A TEN STRIKE.

It is a great mistake to suppose that the meeting of the National Educational Association in Los Angeles will result solely to the benefit of this city. On the contrary, the whole of Southern California will be much advantaged by the visit of this large number of highly-intelligent people. How far each section of Southern California may reap special benefits from the gathering, depends entirely upon the progress which they make in the direction of acquiring the capabilities of self-government. The same is true, with some modifications, as regards the inhabitants of the Philippines, although the first essential, in the latter islands, is the thorough establishment of American authority. It is pleasant to note the progress which has been made in the Antilles, and there are good reasons for hoping that equally favorable reports will come from the Philippines in the not distant future.

A HOPEFUL INDICATION.

The statement of Acting Postmaster-General Heath, to the effect that no more Americans are to be appointed to the postal service in Porto Rico, Cuba, or the Philippines, is significant. In connection with the explanation of Mr. Heath, it indicates that decided progress has been made in the work of establishing stable government in the islands named.

Mr. Heath, as quoted in a Washington dispatch, declared that every possible effort was being made to reduce the expense of the mail service in those countries, and with that end in view the Postmaster-General has recalled all Americans sent to Porto Rico on detail from the various branches of the postal service in this country. It is probable that a number of Americans who have for some months past been engaged in postal work in the islands will also be withdrawn, the object being to place the work, so far as possible, in the hands of natives. "Now that the postal service in each of these countries has been thoroughly reorganized," added Mr. Heath, "we feel that we can safely withdraw most of the Americans and gradually transfer the work to the natives."

This latter statement probably applies more particularly to Porto Rico and Cuba than to the Philippines, for it is evident that the time has not yet arrived for withdrawing Americans from the service there, and replacing them with natives, to any considerable extent. The situation in Cuba and Porto Rico, as indicated by Mr. Heath's statement, is highly encouraging. It is the desire, and the intention, of the United States government to withdraw from Cuba entirely at as early a date as practicable, and to place the government of Porto Rico so nearly as possible in the hands of the Porto Ricans. The length of time which will elapse before these results can be accomplished must be determined largely by the inhabitants of those islands; that is to say, by the progress which they make in the direction of acquiring the capabilities of self-government. The same is true, with some modifications, as regards the inhabitants of the Philippines, although the first essential, in the latter islands, is the thorough establishment of American authority. It is pleasant to note the progress which has been made in the Antilles, and there are good reasons for hoping that equally favorable reports will come from the Philippines in the not distant future.

WICHITA, KAN., has a girl's bachelor club which has adopted a resolution to the effect that its members will marry none but heroes under Gen. Funston. Somebody ought to cable those Kansas boys before they sail for home and put them on their guard.

Chicago boasts that its drinking water contains animals that wear twenty-six legs. An animal with that many trotters ought to be able to get out of Chicago, it seems to us. But then it is evident that the creature has no idea of taste.

CHICAGO. A Georgia man recently ate two large ice-cold watermelons at one fell swoop. The later proceedings naturally occurred at the morgue and the cemetery, where the crowd was large and the exercises were not of the slightest concern to the party of the first part.

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The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles.
July 3.—Reported by George E. Franklin,
Local Weather Officer. At 6 o'clock a.m. the
barometer registered 29.98 at 6 p.m. 29.82.
Thermometer for the corresponding hours
showed 59 deg. and 70 deg. Relative humidity,
5 a.m., 94 per cent.; 5 p.m., 70 per cent.
Wind, 5 a.m., west, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west,
velocity 3 miles. Maximum temperature, 57 deg.
Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles 55 San Francisco 50
San Diego 60 Portland 54

Weather Conditions.—The pressure is
moderately high on the North Pacific Coast
and extends in the interior valleys of California,
whose quiet days depend on it extending to
Southern Arizona conditions which can bring
cloudy mornings on the California coast.
Fair weather prevails north of Cape Mendocino.
It is quite cool in Eastern Oregon. Rain
is falling at Denver, and rain has fallen from
Utah eastward.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles
and vicinity: Cloudy tonight, with fog in
low portions and toward the coast, becoming
fair by Tuesday noon; moderate temperature;
west winds 10 miles.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—Weather con-
ditions and general forecast: The following
maximum temperatures were reported from
stations in California today:

Eureka 58 San Diego 66
Fresno 106 Sacramento 92
Los Angeles 78 Independence 96
Red Bluff 98 Yuma 108

San Luis Obispo data: Maximum temperature,
60 deg.; minimum, 56 deg.; mean, 55 deg.

The pressure has fallen over the mountain
region and is beginning to rise along the
coast of California. The temperature has
fallen decidedly over the Northern Pacific Coast.

In the great valleys of California the
temperatures are from 5 to 12 deg. above the
normal. The following maximum wind velocities
are reported: Kalispel, 28 miles per hour,
from the northeast; Eureka, 18 miles, from
the northwest; Pasco, 44 miles, from the
northeast. Thermometers in the mountains reported
at Kalispel and at Cedar City, Utah.

Forecasts made at San Francisco for thirty
hours, ending at midnight, July 4:

Northern California: Cloudy Tuesday;
cooler in the northern portion; northerly
winds in the valleys, with fog along the coast
and fresh westerly winds.

Southern California: Cloudy Tuesday, with
fog along the coast; northerly winds in the
interior; westerly winds on the coast.

Arizona: Cloudy Tuesday, with showers in
the mountains.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy Tues-
day with fog; fresh westerly winds.

The Times' Weather Record.—Obser-
vations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| July 3— | 1 p.m. Midnight |
| Temperature | 77 |
| Humidity | 59 |
| Barometer | 29.50 |
| Weather | Partly cloudy Foggy |
| Maximum temperature, 24 hours | 78 |
| Minimum temperature, 24 hours | 63 |

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Oxnard will have 500 men at work
this month, and a sixty-two-foot pole
and huge flag will smile on them,
while the whirr of the centrifugal pump
and the cheerful plunk of the "topping"
knife will unite in making sweet
music for all mankind. Even the
siren song of the Huemene Phillion
birds, seven miles away, cannot make
discord in such a tune.

Anza has a deadly reservoir, with
a record of two drowned boys in
one week. The prospect cannot be a pleasant
one to heads of families, and it is
suggested that while a high fence, or
even a dose of bird shot, might check
the deadly work of this particular
place, if injected between the boys and
the water, it would be well to enact a
law against such bathing, and then
enforce it.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Miss Jessie Julian of San Diego is
visiting Los Angeles friends.

The guests of the California Hotel
were entertained with an informal
musical Sunday evening. Those contribut-
ing to the programme were Miss
Nell Newby, Miss Myrtle Canady, Miss
Wilde, Messrs. Russell H. Ballard and
Henry R. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Briggs left for
Ventura Monday, where they will be at
home at the Rose Hotel until Sep-
tember, when they will go East for a
two months' sojourn before returning to
Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Briggs and
Paul C. Carpenter of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, have
taken rooms at the Crocker mansion
for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Newark and
Miss Rose Newmark left Friday for
San Francisco to attend the funeral of
Mrs. Newark's father, Louis Cahn.

Dr. Thomas J. McCoy has arrived
home.

I. F. Norton of No. 1010 Beacon street
has returned home after a two weeks'
trip in Southern California.

Mrs. S. A. Rendall and daughters,
Miss Maybell and Miss Daisy Rendall,
have returned to Los Angeles after
a vacation in the city of Washington, D. C., where Miss Daisy
Rendall has been attending school at
the National Park Seminary.

Miss Francis Glasener of No. 222
North Olive street has gone to spend
the summer with friends in Boulder,
Mont.

One of the features of the opening
of the new Electrical Brotherhood
Lodge at Central avenue and Adams
street, Monday evening, was a vocal
selection by Meta Glenn Louis. The
young lady has recently made her
debut in comic opera, and is now on a
short visit to her parents at No. 1122
East Adams street.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Sylvester of Colorado
Springs and Mr. and Mrs. W. A.
Gabe of Bloomington, Ind., are at the
Natick House.

Mrs. H. L. Graham and the Misses
Ethel and Jessie Graham have gone to
the Gordon Arms, Terminal Island, for
a few days' visiting. Walter J. Wren
and Edward H. Graham will also be
with the party.

Dr. William R. Jones will spend the
week at Alpine Tavern.

John Larroche and his sister, Miss
Carroll Etchemendy, have returned from
Mt. Lowe, after a pleasant visit of
two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Cooper of
Kingsway City are visiting in the city,
guests of Mrs. Alice Long Bell.

Anaheim law is good law, in that it
effectually bars the despicable slot
machine. It is admitted that four slot
machines, in five weeks run, cleared
\$50 each, and yet there are found many
in the smaller cities and towns who
believe these machines are a help to
the community. See its record! Fathers
dread it, mothers curse it, business
men hate it, and even gamblers damn
it loud and long. Its deadening
influence center about youths with
a thousandfold more certain harm to
character than rum can ever have, and
yet this Upas tree of the gaming
world is watered and tended by men
who are normally shrewd on all
other business subjects.

MAKE YOUR LIVER LIVELY.
A gay, laniard liver keeps you in bad
health all the time. Wear it to lively
action with Cascades Candy Cathartic. All
druggists, 100, 250, 500.

Events in Society.

[Communications intended for the society
columns of the Times must be signed, and
must be written on only one side of the page.
Anonymous announcements of society events,
personals, etc., and those which, because they
will not be written on both sides of the paper, have
to be rewritten, will receive no attention.]

Miss K. I. Sadie Swan and Richard J.
Rupp were married at the Vincent
Methodist Episcopal Church Saturday
evening. Rev. Will A. Knight officiated.
Miss Lily Gale was bridesmaid, and
F. J. Rupp, a brother of the
groom, was best man. The
bridal party passed up the aisle, preceded by
a trio of little girls, one bearing the
wedding ring, and the others scattering
flowers. The bride wore a white organdy
gown, trimmed with white satin
ribbons and Valenciennes lace, over
white satin. The bridesmaid wore
white organdy over white satin with
pink trimmings. The church was filled
with friends of the bride and groom.
Their popularity was evidenced by
many beautiful presents. After the
wedding a reception and supper was
given at the residence of the bride's
mother, No. 623 West Sixth street, to
which only the relatives of the bride
and groom were invited. Mr. and Mrs.
Rupp will be at home to their friends
after July 6 at their home, No. 505 East
Ninth street.

MISS ETTA PROSSIE of Long Beach and
E. P. Jones were married at the home of
Mrs. J. Willey, at No. 1100 West
Ninth street, last Thursday evening.
Rev. Mr. Healey of this city officiated.
Mr. and Mrs. Jones will live in San
Pedro.

JUNE 30, after the yearly reports were
all finished, the teachers of the Ann-
astreet school sat down to a dainty
luncheon, which had been prepared for
them in the kindergarten. W. Elmo
Reavis was the host of the occasion,
and he proved himself to be no amateur
in the art of entertaining. Before
leaving for the summer a vote
was taken for the helpfulness during the
year, and the principal, Mrs. M. A. White,
who by her sympathy and justice has won the love of every
teacher in the Ann-street school from
the kindergarten to the eighth grade.

J. J. Simons and Mrs. M. L. Klefer
were married at Santa Monica Saturday
afternoon at the home of F. L.
Simons, son of the groom. Rev. J.
O. Jennings officiated. Only a few
friends were present. Mr. and Mrs.
Simons intend to remain in Southern
California until fall, when they expect
to go to Mexico to live.

Thursday afternoon a pleasant sur-
prise party was given at the home of
Mrs. N. C. Clemens, No. 1216 Catalina
street, in honor of her daughter, Anna.
Alice. The room were decorated with
pepper bouquets and roses. Games were
enjoyed. Those present were Grace
and Anna Allen, Mamie and Neilia
Waters, Goldie O'Neal, Eve Mathews,
Dorothy Beale, Zola Stewart, Lydia
Van Derberg, Monk Turk, Josie
Yoder and their teacher, Miss M. J.
Junkin. Music was rendered by Miss
Jessie Frazer.

J. J. DELANY, EXPERT 200 S.
OPTICIAN Spring

Free! Every Day

Free! Every Day

Free! Every Day

Free! Every Day

SEE DAY ABOUT IT.

OCEAN PARK.

ROSE PURITY WATER.

PURIFIED SPRING WATER FROM
HIGHLAND GLEN, CALIFORNIA.

ANNUAL SUMMER CONTEST.

Rose Purple Water.

PURE NATURAL SPRING WATER FROM
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(THE PUBLIC SERVICE)
HAD LITTLE TO DO.

ROUTINE BUSINESS BEFORE THE CITY COUNCIL.

Lighting Bid Accepted—Important Report of the City Assessor—Conduit Ordinance in Effect at Last.

A Touching Memorial to the Late Judge William Hovey Clark Read Before the Bar Association. Met for the Purpose.

An Old Man Sentenced to One Year in Folsom for Burglary—“Old Mystery” to Be Examined as to His Sanity.

The two sessions of the City Council yesterday were devoted almost exclusively to the consideration of routine business. At the morning session the question of awarding the lighting contract was finally settled by the acceptance of the bid of the Los Angeles Electric Company. The contract will be approved at the next meeting.

City Assessor Ward has completed his report on the year's assessments. It shows an increase of more than \$1,000,000 over the total of last year.

The City Council yesterday approved a demand for \$600 for the N.E.A. Committee and one for \$500 for the Fourth of July Committee. The money will be paid as soon as there is a sufficient sum in the cash fund.

Three new fire engines were officially tested by the Board of Fire Commissioners yesterday and accepted. The demand for nearly \$15,000 in payment of them was later approved by the board.

The petition of J. C. Merrill for permission to develop water by drilling wells in the river bed was denied by the Council on recommendation of the City Attorney.

The conduit ordinance, adopted more than two years ago, went into effect yesterday.

Provision is to be made in this year's annual city budget for a new city hospital to cost not less than \$10,000.

The Los Angeles Bar Association met yesterday morning to listen to resolutions of respect drafted in honor of the late Judge Clark. A large number of attorneys were present, and the Judges of the Superior Court sat in bank. The memorial was read by Hon R. H. F. Varie.

Sam McDaniels, 61 years old, was found guilty of burglary in the second degree yesterday by a jury in Judge Smith's court. McDaniels was sentenced to one year at hard labor in Folsom.

Henry Gardner, the speechless old freak, who lies in the County Jail on a charge of burglary, and persists in being mute and crazy, is to be examined as to his sanity July 25.

Chief Deputy District Attorney Williams has rendered a decision on the status of the defunct University school district. He holds that it is an integral part of the city school district, and under the jurisdiction of the City Board of Education.

**[AT THE CITY HALL.]
THE CITY COUNCIL.**

**BUSINESS OF BOTH SESSIONS
LARGELY ROUTINE.**

Provision to Be Made for New City Hospital—City Assessor Reports a Large Increase—Conduit Ordinance in Effect—New Fire Engines Accepted.

The prospects of something lively before the Board of Police Commissioners deprived the City Council of a lobby at yesterday's session. Only a few persons, all of whom were directly interested in the proceedings, occupied seats in the lobby during the morning session, which was of much shorter duration than usual.

After the reading and approval of the minutes of the last sessions the City Auditor's reports as to the condition of the city's funds and as to monthly collections was referred to the Finance Committee, as were the financial reports of other heads of city departments.

The City Attorney reported recommending that the petition of J. C. Merrill and others for permission to develop water by drilling wells in the bed of the river, be denied. He gave a number of reasons for this recommendation. The report was adopted and the petition denied.

POLICE PENSION FUND.

In the matter of the communication from the Mayor, relative to the organization of the Board of Police Commissioners as the Board of Police Fund Pension Commissioners, in accordance with the directions of the State Law, the Finance Committee recommended that the following instructions be given to the various departments: to collect, to proper segregation of the funds in their hands in order that the amounts to be apportioned to the police pension fund might be determined at the proper time:

That the Tax Collector be instructed to show in his monthly reports to the City Council the amount by him of the following items in detail:

First—Proceeds of licenses received from places where spirituous, malt or other intoxicating liquors are sold.

Second—Moneys received for dog licenses.

Third—Moneys received from licensees of pawnbrokers, billiard halls and second-hand goods stores.

That the Chief of Police be requested to report monthly:

First—All fines imposed upon members of the police force for violations of the rules and regulations of the police department.

Second—All proceeds of sales of unclaimed property.

Third—All rewards paid to members of the police department, save such as the Chief of Police may except from the provisions of the act.

That the city justices be instructed to show in detail in their monthly reports:

First—All fines imposed and collected for carrying concealed weapons.

Second—All fines imposed and collected for violation of city ordinances.

The following recommendations by the Board of Public Works were approved by the Council:

That the petition of E. H. Moore to improve Gladys Avenue between Fifth and Sixth streets at \$1.65 per linear foot for grading and paving with decomposed granite; 31 cents per linear foot for curb; 10% cents per square foot for sidewalk; sewer, \$1 per linear foot; crosswalks, \$1 per linear foot; be accepted.

That the petition of George R. Russell to improve Twenty-third Street between Griffith and Central avenues, at 80 cents per linear foot for grading and graveling; 30 cents per linear foot for curb and 9 cents per square foot for sidewalk, be accepted.

That the matter be referred to the Finance Committee, which reported favorably and the contract was approved.

LIGHTING CONTRACT SETTLED.

The Gas and Light Committee reported recommending that the bid of the Los Angeles Electric Company to light the streets of the city for one year from the 1st of next January at \$5 per lamp per month, be accepted. Before the vote was taken Councilman Pierce wanted to know what kind of lamps were provided in the specifications. He declared that portions of the First Ward the lighting service was anything but what it should be; that some of the lamps were old and worn out, and that they did not give the light that was furnished in other parts of the city. Before voting to approve the contract he wanted to be assured that better service would be had. Councilman Vetter replied that the contractor provided for a penalty for outages and deficient lighting and that if not fully carried out the company could be made to give the proper service. This satisfied the First Ward Councilman, and the report of the committee was adopted.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Bids were received for the improvement of Bixel street from Third street to the termination of Bixel street; Wall street between Third and Boyd; Griffith avenue between Fourteenth and Washington streets; and the Twenty-third street from Maple avenue almost to Wall street. The improvement bids went to the Board of Public Works and that for the sewer was referred to the Sewer Committee. Bids for drugs and supplies were received from W. H. Hutton, F. L. Pollard, Western Electric Works, J. Coomb, F. W. Fuller & Co., Sale & Son Drug Company, Off & Vaughn Drug Company, C. M. Jones Oil and Fuel Company, Thomas Drug Company. All such bids were referred to the Sewer Committee.

Councilman Pessell secured the adoption of a motion requesting the Los Angeles City Water Company to lay a four-inch water main on Santeet street between Twelfth and Pico.

PROPOSED NEW HOSPITAL.

The question of erecting a new city hospital was brought up by Councilman Pierce, who moved that in the coming apportionment of funds allowance be made for a hospital building, to cost not less than \$10,000. The motion was adopted. The committee appointed several weeks ago to select a proper site for such a hospital reported that they had examined a number of sites but had made no selection. The committee was granted

immediately after a regular allowance of half-pay, \$41.68 per month, both being permanently disabled. Commissioners Scarborough and Goss were appointed to investigate the merit of the applications.

BEST ON THE COAST.

Los Angeles Has the Largest Fire Engine in the West.

The official tests of the three new fire engines received Sunday night from Seneca Falls, N. Y., took place early yesterday morning at Aliso and Anderson streets, in the presence of the Board of Fire Commissioners. Two of the engines are of the largest size made by the American Fire Engine Company, and the other is of the third size. One of the two large engines is of special construction, the vice-president of the company having ordered that special care be taken to make this machine conform to what the specifications called for, owing to his friendship for Fire Commissioner Jacob Kukert, for whom the engine is named. The result is that Los Angeles has the largest and best fire engine and one equal to any in the East. It has already been placed in service at the Fourth and Hill-streets engine-house.

Immediately after the test a special meeting of the Board of Fire Commissioners was held, and the engines were formally accepted. The board also approved a demand for \$14,320, the price of the three machines.

IN EFFECT AT LAST.

Conduit Ordinance One of the Laws of the City.

The ordinance adopted more than two years ago, and known since as the conduit ordinance, went into effect yesterday at noon. It requires all companies using electrical wires to place them underground, exception being made of the trolley wires of the street railway companies. No measure passed by the Council has caused so much trouble from time to time.

It was adopted in March, 1898, and provided that by April 3, 1898, all overhead wires within a given section should be taken down and placed in underground conduits. Nearly the whole year passed and an effort was made to induce the electrical companies to come in on the measure, but the plan was abandoned, and within a few months of the date specified in the ordinance the companies began work on their conduits. There was not time to complete them, and extensions were granted from time to time until eighteen months passed. At the end of that time the ordinance took effect yesterday without application being made by some of the companies for an extension.

The district affected by the ordinance, and within which overhead wires are forbidden, is bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the easterly line of Gegeles street, and the northerly line of Marchessau street; thence running southerly along the easterly line of Los Angeles street to the southerly line of Seventh street; thence along Seventh street to the westerly line of Hill street; thence along the westerly line of Hill street to the northerly line of First street; thence easterly along the northerly line of First street, to the westerly line of Broadway; thence northerly along the westerly line of Broadway to the northerly line of Temple street; thence northerly along the westerly line of Main street; thence northerly along the westerly line of Main street to the northerly line of Marchessau street; thence easterly along the northerly line of Marchessau street to the place of beginning.

So gradually has the work of transforming the wire system been done that few people realize the magnitude of it. The work has cost the several companies upward of \$750,000.

INCREASED ASSESSMENT.

City Assessor Reports to the Board of Equalization.

City Assessor Ward has addressed to the City Council in their capacity as Board of Equalization of the city, a report of the assessments made for the current year. The report shows that the City Assessor has made something of a record for himself since he took office the first of the year. The increase in the assessed value of the city is more than \$4,000,000, the greater part of this increase being on personal property. The report shows that the total increase over last year's figures is in round numbers, \$4,000,000 (final results will increase this figure still further,) divided approximately as follows:

**Increase in assessed value of real estate \$650,000
Increase in assessed value of improvements 1,047,000
Increase in assessed value of money 410,000
Increase in assessed value of unimproved or leased land 9,100
Increase in assessed value of P. P. charged to real estate 1,335,000
Increase in assessed value of P. P. Coll. in cash 500,900**

**Total \$4,000,000
About \$2,300,000 of the increase is in personal property, including money, the amount of which is increased by the amount of the tax levied on it.**

On the start much of the needed increase could be realized from personal property, and thinks his figures will bear him out in this respect.

The item of bank assessments as to personal property alone shows an increase over last year of \$42,596, and the amount of this increase being on personal property. The report shows that the increase over last year's figures is in round numbers, \$4,000,000 (final results will increase this figure still further,) divided approximately as follows:

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WEDNESDAY'S RUSH

NINE TRAINLOADS OF EAST-
ERNERS DUE TOMORROW.High School Boys Enlisted as Guides
to Take Care of Teachers' Bag-
gage and Furnish Information
and Assistance.How the Delegates Will Be Regis-
tered and Their Tickets Stamped
at the Business Head-
quarters.Indian Boys' Band and Girls Mando-
lin Orchestra Will Show What
Has Been Taught to Uncle
Sam's Wards.

Seven trainloads of people from beyond the Mississippi, not counting the passengers on the two regular overland trains, will be brought into the city tomorrow by the Santa Fe. This is the first big shipment of N.E.A. delegates, although smaller detachments have been coming in for several days past.

Yesterday's Santa Fe arrivals numbered 180, one special train coming in beside the regular passengers. The trains were met at San Bernardino early in the morning by committees, and showered with fruit and flowers. At 5 o'clock yesterday a special of six cars came in from the East by way of Ogden.

Word has been received that on Sunday an important party will arrive, including President E. Oram Lyte of the N.E.A., Dr. William T. Harris, National Commissioner of Education; Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University; secretary of the board of trustees of the N.E.A., L. C. McNeil of West Superior, Wis.; treasurer of the N.E.A., and other delegates. The party stopped on its way for a side trip to the Grand Canyon.

GUIDES FOR TOURISTS.—A staff of official guides has been established for the convenience of visitors to the city. A number of High School boys have accepted these posts, giving their services to the N.E.A. without pay. Each guide wears a white cap, appropriately lettered. Detachments are sent to meet each incoming train.

"We watch the people when they get off," said one of the guides yesterday, "and whenever we see any of them gawking around as if they didn't know whether to get back on the train again or go somewhere else, we ask them where they want to go, get their baggage for them, put them on a car, and if they can't find the way alone, go with them. This morning two teachers told me they wanted to go to Prospect Park. I got on a Boyle Heights car with them and went clear over to Prospect Park, half a mile from a car line. When they got there they found that the Prospect Park they wanted was the one clear out in the Chuehuna Valley."

The guides are having many such adventures. When the teachers don't know where they are to stay, having no friends in Los Angeles, and having engaged no accommodations in advance, the guides pilot them to the business headquarters at No. 429 South Spring street, where the guides can afford all the accommodations the city can afford. The visitors can find, by inquiry there, just such rooms and board, at just such prices as they wish. The guides then put them on board a street car and direct them to their destination.

They aid the local officials in their work the street-railway companies have given free transportation over their lines to the guides.

REGISTERING VISITORS.

Chairman W. F. French of the Entertainment Committee's sub-Committee on Excursions has called an important meeting for 10 o'clock Wednesday morning at the Chamber of Commerce. At that hour he will detail the committee who are to accompany the various N.E.A. excursions to night entertainments and members of the committee are: W. F. French, Adelaide Babbitt, George H. Prince, Laura J. Campbell, Mrs. H. Hollingsworth, W. B. Frackleton, Edward Dolland, Sarah P. Monks, Jessie A. McGaw, Eliza Quinn, Mary M. Dole, H. L. Lunt, F. H. Hyatt, George E. Wilson, Miss K. L. At a meeting of the Entertainment Committee's sub-Committee on Hotels yesterday, Chairman J. B. Millard segregated the work, and members were appointed to do the work of the committee on particular days during the convention week. The committee will visit the various hotels and give all possible information and aid to visitors. The schedule was arranged as follows:

Monday, July 10—Misses Bruere, Parsons, Denison, Hunt.

Tuesday—Misses Dick, Hanna, Gray, O'Donnell.

Wednesday—Misses Parsons, Denison, Thornton, Cowan.

Thursday—Misses Faulding, Gray, Dick, O'Donnoughue.

Friday—Misses Bruere, Hanna, Cowan, Thornton.

A sub-committee of forty men, which was formed out from the Reception Committee, was organized yesterday by Chairman William Winchup. The members will be assigned to the railroad stations to meet delegates and visitors.

The Teachers' Fruit Committee, of which Luther G. Brown is chairman, has bought 200 bushels or 3000 oranges, which will be distributed to incoming visitors, along with large quantities of apricots, peaches, plums and other fruit, on the trains coming into the city.

The Women Teachers' Fruit Committee, of which Bertha E. Gordon is chairman, will meet at the Chamber of Commerce at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The members of the committee will distribute fruit and flowers at the railroad stations and elsewhere.

Miss Alice S. Culverwell, chairman of a sub-committee of thirty women organized by the Entertainment Committee, has called a meeting for 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce. Plans will be adopted for sending members of the committee about to the various hotels to look after the comfort and welfare of the visitors.

The detection which went to San Bernardino last night on behalf of the Teachers' Fruit Committee to meet incoming trains with baskets of fruit included Arthur C. Brown, N. C. Bleddow and Byron Badham. The Chamber Committee sent E. P. Rowell and B. B. Wright.

A rehearsal will be held by the Temple Clef Club and the other singers in the women's chorus at Simpson Auditorium at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Last night's Southern Pacific overland brought twenty-five eastern visitors into the city.

The Knox College Club has secured headquarters at the Westminster and will hold open house for Knox graduates and former students.

The Santa Monica booth in the business headquarters of the National Educational Association at No. 429 South Spring street was decorated yesterday.

The teachers will be favored in the plans for the sessions of the National

the Government Indian Schools, received many visitors yesterday at her headquarters in the Westminster Hotel parlors 42 and 43. During the meetings of the Indian school section an exhibition will be made of what has been done in training the Indian children for practical life.

The Ferris Indian school band will be an example of what can be done in teaching the little aborigines music, and a mandolin orchestra of twelve girls from the same school will play frequently in the Westminster reception room.

The Indian school section will hold its first meeting July 10 at the Normal School and then adjourn until the 17th.

Chairman C. B. Booth of the Railways and Excursions Committee, gave a speech yesterday at the California Club for Dr. and Mrs. Irwin C. Shepard and Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hopkins.

CHARITIES CONFERENCE.

A conference of charity workers will be made a feature of the convention week, though it is not a part of the National Educational Association programme. Registrars will be placed in the Chamber of Commerce, Nadeau and Van Nuys Wednesday in which all visitors interested in charitable work will be asked to register. Late at night will be set aside for a conference, it is hoped, to devise some effective system for communication between charitable workers in different parts of the country.

Superintendent James A. Barr of the Stockton public schools arrived yesterday. He says that nearly half the Stockton delegation will attend the convention, and that every one of them, even those who were unable to attend the convention, have done their part toward making it a success and toward sustaining the reputation of California for hospitality, by joining the association.

Superintendent Barr, Superintendent James A. Foshay of Los Angeles, and Superintendent Webster of San Francisco are the three State National Educational Association managers. Mr. Barr has done valuable work in arousing interest in the convention throughout the northern part of the State. He issued an eight-page circular describing the convention and the delights of a four-weeks' trip in Southern California, including a week in Los Angeles, a week at Catalina, a week at San Diego, and a week at Santa Barbara. Speeches will send a larger display to the national school exhibit of the National Educational Association than any other city but Los Angeles. Superintendent Barr is putting in order the room which is to contain the work of the Stockton

officials.

Dr. Irwin Shepard puts Business Machinery in Motion.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hopkins of Winona, Minn., who have had much experience in N.E.A. convention work, are in charge of the official N.E.A. registration. All the delegates must repair to the booth at the business headquarters at No. 429 South Spring street and secure membership slips from Mr. and Mrs. Hopkins. These slips, obtained by presentation of the tickets which show that the holder paid an extra \$2 when purchasing the ticket as a membership fee in the N.E.A. The membership slips are presented to N. R. Martin, advertising agent of the Southern Pacific, who has been appointed joint ticket agent with qualities at the business headquarters, and he stamps the railroad ticket, thereby making it good for return passage.

One further formality is necessary. The N.E.A. members must fill out a slip giving name and address, which they wish to be mailed to them as soon as they are compiled, edited and printed. This volume of 1000 pages will be sent to members without charge.

Those who are already members of the N.E.A. were required to pay \$2 extra in dues on purchasing their railroad tickets. This \$2 will be returned to such members on application at the N.E.A. headquarters.

DECORATIONS.

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Those who are already members of the N.E.A. were required to pay \$2 extra in dues on purchasing their railroad tickets. This \$2 will be returned to such members on application at the N.E.A. headquarters.

The visitors will have opportunities to inscribe their names in all manner of registers. There is one register at the N.E.A. business headquarters, in charge of Mrs. Blake, where name, date of arrival, age, sex, and address, Los Angeles address are inscribed. This will probably be the most complete register. Of course it will be impossible to secure the signatures of all visitors, but by looking over the pages of this register people will be able to locate many of their friends. No visitor should neglect registering himself, that if he wishes his friends to know of his presence in the city.

Another register is being kept in the secretary's office of the Chamber of Commerce, as a special souvenir, independent of the big register in the exhibit hall. There will also be registers at the headquarters of each State or city delegation.

No plan is in use for enrolling all visitors and keeping an index of them and of their whereabouts. This would seem a desirable institution, but there are many practical difficulties in the way of its realization.

DECORATIONS.

The city is beginning to take on a gala day air. On all sides citizens are decking in honor of the visitors.

The Fourth of July decorations will be allowed to remain in place during the convention, so the customary red, white and blue is being varied by special N.E.A. banners, reproductions of the N.E.A. insignia of a lamp of learning and a palm leaf, and other novel effects.

A special feature of the decorations already put up is the immense flags floated on wires hung across the streets. For many days work has been progressing in the construction of flags, banners and other materials for the official decorations. Wednesday the work of outfitting was in place.

The Wiggins promise something unique and beautiful. The light effects, to be achieved by arches and festoons of incandescent lamps, will be particularly beautiful.

INDIAN DEPARTMENT.

Miss Estelle Reel, Superintendent of

the Government Indian Schools, received many visitors yesterday at her headquarters in the Westminster Hotel parlors 42 and 43. During the meetings of the Indian school section an exhibition will be made of what has been done in training the Indian children for practical life.

The Ferris Indian school band will be an example of what can be done in teaching the little aborigines music, and a mandolin orchestra of twelve girls from the same school will play frequently in the Westminster reception room.

The Indian school section will hold its first meeting July 10 at the Normal School and then adjourn until the 17th.

Chairman C. B. Booth of the Railways and Excursions Committee, gave a speech yesterday at the California Club for Dr. and Mrs. Irwin C. Shepard and Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hopkins.

CHARITIES CONFERENCE.

A conference of charity workers will be made a feature of the convention week, though it is not a part of the National Educational Association programme. Registrars will be placed in the Chamber of Commerce, Nadeau and Van Nuys Wednesday in which all visitors interested in charitable work will be asked to register. Late at night will be set aside for a conference, it is hoped, to devise some effective system for communication between charitable workers in different parts of the country.

Superintendent James A. Barr of the Stockton public schools arrived yesterday. He says that nearly half the Stockton delegation will attend the convention, and that every one of them, even those who were unable to attend the convention, have done their part toward making it a success and toward sustaining the reputation of California for hospitality, by joining the association.

Superintendent Barr, Superintendent James A. Foshay of Los Angeles, and Superintendent Webster of San Francisco are the three State National Educational Association managers. Mr. Barr has done valuable work in arousing interest in the convention throughout the northern part of the State. He issued an eight-page circular describing the convention and the delights of a four-weeks' trip in Southern California, including a week in Los Angeles, a week at Catalina, a week at San Diego, and a week at Santa Barbara. Speeches will send a larger display to the national school exhibit of the National Educational Association than any other city but Los Angeles. Superintendent Barr is putting in order the room which is to contain the work of the Stockton

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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, LOS ANGELES, July 3, 1899.

LEGAL HOLIDAY. All banks and public offices will be closed today, being a legal holiday.

LOCAL CLEARANCES. The exchanges brought to the local clearing-house last week amounted to \$1,565,336.48, compared with \$1,892,437.95 in the preceding week, and \$1,578,724.78 for the week before that. For the corresponding week in 1898 the figures were \$1,239,982.19, which indicates a material improvement in general business this year over that.

COMMERCIAL. MONEY FROM FRUITS. The Valencia Reporter figures that the town will receive this year from the sales of fruits in various forms an aggregate of \$950,000.

CARRY OVER PRUNES. For the two months ended June 30, 1898, the United States exported prunes aggregating 15,940,791 pounds, while for the ten months ended April 31, 1899 (the latest available exact figures to be obtained at this writing) the exports amounted to but 5,461,026 pounds, a shortage of 10,479,765 pounds, equal to 43% of the twelve months. It is possible that the figures for the two missing months, May and June, says the California Fruit Grower, would not materially affect the showing made for the export movement at that time of year is never great. The export outlet for 1898-99 is thus seen to be 43% twelve-months' production, or 18,701,107.98, and explains the existing unsatisfactory condition of the home market. The estimate of prunes now on hand in California is placed at about 300 cars. Had the export movement in prunes for 1898-99 been as great in volume as in the previous year we would all be congratulating ourselves upon a bare market instead of worrying over a prospective carry-over.

The early estimate placed on the 1898 crop of prunes in France was 100,000,000 pounds, the largest in years. Later, and during the harvest, the estimate was reduced to 88,000,000 and 89,000,000 pounds; these figures stand as the output of current years in France since the season of 1898. The crop of 1897 in France was very short, 27,000,000 to 30,000,000 pounds, and this induced shipments in considerable quantities from this country in 1897-98. The larger crop in France in 1898 resulted in smaller exports from this country in 1897-98, and, however, a fairly satisfactory manner the present domestic situation—no demand, a carry-over on the Coast, and fair stocks East. The French prune crop for 1899 is now placed at 33,000,000 pounds. If this is approximately correct then the exports of Pacific Coast prunes for 1898-99 should show an increase as compared with 1898-99.

FOREIGN CITRUS FRUIT. The quantities of lemons and oranges, by boxes, on the way to America on the date June 17, for the last three years are as follows:

PRICES OF LUMBER. The price of lumber in the local market was recently advanced about \$1 per 1000 feet. This is the first advance in no very long period. As to lumber generally the Northwestern Lumberman in recent issue said,

"Lumber prices at the present time are about as high as they were in 1892, and in some cases higher. There should be a steady advance in lumber prices as the years go by, for in spite of natural growth the quantity of available timber is decreasing and a carrying charge is to be added. But it is probable that the carrying charge since 1892 or the spring of 1893 and the present time has been covered by the advance."

In yellow pine the general range of prices is about what it was in 1892, with some items a little higher. In white pine good lumber is about the same, with low-grade lumber higher. In hardwoods some lines are decidedly higher than the general range, especially in excess of the prices in 1892. Hemlock has shown a decided advance in the West. The general tendency of shingles, however, is an exception, for since 1892, red-cedar shingles have come into prominence, and by their enormous supply have had the effect of lowering the average range of values, though at some stages of the market prices are higher and well maintained.

"It should be remembered that 1892 and the first months of 1893 marked the commencement of a period of profitable business which is only now being restored. At the present time the country is not at the culmination of a 'boom' period. If such a period may be called, but appears to have been on a period of industrial and commercial prosperity of indefinite length."

The change began in 1897, and with some fluctuations there has been on the whole a steadily-swelling volume of business ever since. Lumber prices have moved upward since the summer of 1897, and the tendency is still upward. What will be the outcome? Prices are now at a point which yield a profit if properly distributed to all engaged in the business—manufacturers, all legitimate中间人 and distributors. This is as it should be, and is for what the Lumbermen has always stood. Incidentally, however, we might throw out a warning. There is a growing feeling through the country that prices of many commodities are being pushed too high. It is doubtful if the time the change in lumber, but it certainly would be better to be content with what already has been secured than to risk collapse by carrying the process of price increment to the point of inflation. Still, the warning may be unnecessary; in fact, there is a feeling quite generally noticeable through the trade that the top notch of average prices has nearly or quite been reached, though a few items or classes may yet go higher."

BEANS. BEANS—Per 100 lbs. small white, 2.50@2.55; Large Washington, 1.85@2.00; pinks, 2.25@2.50; Lima, 4.25@4.50.

LIVE STOCK.

HOOS—Per cwt. 4.50@5.00.

CATTLE—Per cwt. 3.75 for prime steers;

\$3.00 for cows and heifers; calves, 3.50@3.75.

HAMS—Per lb. Rex brand, 12¢; skinned hams, 11@12¢; picnic, 7¢; boned, 10¢; Winchendon, 12@13¢; 4¢@4.5¢; 12¢@12.5¢.

LARD—Per lb. in tierces, Rex pure leaf, 12¢; ivory compound, 5¢; Sustene, 5%; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 7¢; Silver Leaf, 7¢; White Label, 7¢.

BEANS—Per 100 lbs. small white, 2.50@2.55;

Large Washington, 1.85@2.00; pinks, 2.25@2.50;

Lima, 4.25@4.50.

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES.

LEMONS—Per box, cured, 2.75@3.00; un-

cured, 2.00@2.25.

RASPBERRIES—100@12.

BLACKBERRIES—4¢@6.

LOGAN—Berries—Per crate, 75¢@90.

CHERRIES—1.10@1.25.

APRICOTS—Per box, 12@13¢.

GARLIC—Per box, 60@75.

FIGS—Per box, 75@90.

PEACHES—Per box, 50@60.

PLUMES—Per box, 50@60; blue, 50@60.

GRAPES—Black, 1.25@1.75; white, 1.25@1.75.

HIDES, WOOL AND TALLOW.

HIDES—Dried, sound, 14 per lb.; culs, 11@12¢; calf, 15%; mutton, 12@13¢; bull, 6@7¢.

WOOL—Nominal.

TALLOW—Per lb. No. 1, 34@34¢; No. 2, 34¢@34¢.

HONEY AND BEESWAX.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 12@13¢;

unrefined, 6@7¢@8¢.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 24@25.

FLOUR AND FEEDSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller pro-

materials separately, the index numbers compare thus:

Feb., July, May, Dec., Apr., May, June, July, Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., Dec.

Food 95. 96. 98. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99. 99.

Materials 87. 89. 86. 77. 62. 64. 64. 64. 64. 64. 64. 64. 64.

Articles of food stand now 11 per cent, material 17 per cent, above the lowest points in 1896 and 1895, respectively.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

INCREASED CONSUMPTION OF COFFEE. In England coffee, according to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, for once shows an increase in consumption, which is probably due to the increase of excellent temperature we freshen rooms in London. Inquiries made have shown that, at the refreshment rooms of one railway, the 1200 barmaids served 134 tons of coffee during the financial year ended March 1898, or about two and a half hundred weight per day. At Waterloo the number of cups of coffee was 220,000 cups the previous year, and 240,000 cups the year before.

TRADE FOLLOWS THE FLAG.

Advises from Manila state that shipments of dried coconut, or copra, to Marseilles, France, for the manufacture of copra oil soap, have practically ceased. This leads to the suggestion that an imminent depression is almost exclusively confined to Marseilles, can be transferred to the Pacific Coast of the United States if proper steps are taken.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES, July 3, 1899.

Poultry comes in quite freely, but the Fourth of July added to Sunday and the presence of so many strangers in the city, combine to make greater demand. Prices are up to 43% of twelve months ago, but it is possible that the figures for the two missing months, May and June, says the California Fruit Grower, would not materially affect the showing made for the export movement at that time of year is never great. The export outlet for 1898-99 is thus seen to be 43% twelve-months' production, or 18,701,107.98, and explains the existing unsatisfactory condition of the home market. The estimate of prunes now on hand in California is placed at about 300 cars. Had the export movement in prunes for 1898-99 been as great in volume as in the previous year we would all be congratulating ourselves upon a bare market instead of worrying over a prospective carry-over.

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Review of the Week's Financial Doings in London and Other Foreign Commercial Centers—Short Harvest Sure to Cause Disaster.

I. A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, July 3—The Times' London correspondent says:

The general price of gold has risen 13¢ per ounce.

Gold sell generally at 13¢ cents for strictly fresh California carefully candled, although one house is freely offering at 18 cents. The general price is 17¢ cents for fresh eastern, but in good-sized lots they go at 17 cents. A carload of eastern as things go now mean all the way from 400 to over 600 cents.

The general disposition to try and get rid of the surplus is strong, but the same is being sold off at 18 cents per square foot for local creamers butter. At the same time some is being sold at 47¢ cents, where the concession is necessary to prevent stocks from accumulating. Other kinds are generally firm, unless it be off-grade and light-weight, which are not wanted here.

Cheese is rather easy at quoted prices.

Potatoes—Per box, perfect pieces in round boxes, 10¢ per pound.

Cabbages, 10¢ per pound.

Carrots, 10¢ per pound.

Onions—Per box, 10¢ per pound.

Potatoes—Per box, 10¢ per pound.

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City Briefs.

The Los Angeles County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals earnestly requests the hearty co-operation and influence of all persons who are interested in the suppression of cruelty to animals. Will you who are willing to lend your moral and financial support to this good cause, kindly report, either by letter or in person, to George M. Smith, authorized solicitor for the society, No. 995 West Thirty-third street, or to Dr. F. A. Seymour, president, No. 150 Alvarado street, or Mrs. Elizabeth M. Miller, secretary, No. 44 Alvarado street?

The Times business office is open all night and liners, death notices, etc., will be received up to 1:30 a.m. Small display announcements may be made up to 10 p.m., but large displays cannot be attractively set if brought in later than 8:30 p.m. Telephone Main 29.

Teachers and visitors—Procure a copy of the beautiful 100-page official N.E.A. Souvenir of Southern California and its schools. On sale at the book stores, and in convention halls. Price 25 cents.

Bishop Montgomery will deliver a patriotic address at the Sycamore Grove picnic today. There will be fourteen pieces of music, a fine Punch-and-Judy show and other attractions. Admission, 25 cents; children free.

Peniel Hall today, all-day meeting; services 11, 2:30 and 8 o'clock; missionary girls from San Francisco and other places to be present.

Nicaragua bananas, pineapples, coffee; best place in city to buy fruit. No. 4 Spring street, corner Fourth. Telephone brown 925.

Complete on the wall, good paper for 12-foot room, \$3; ingrains, \$6.50. Walter, 627 Spring. Tel. M. 1055.

All kinds plain machine composition at 30 cents per thousand ems, standard measure, at Times job office.

Ten waitresses wanted. Hotel Redondo; steady work. Apply No. 246 South Spring street.

For good livery call at the U. S. stable, Ten and Flower. George Knarr, proprietor.

Finest cabinet photos, reduced to \$1 and \$1.25 a dozen. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main.

Closing days of clearance sale, City of London, 213 South Broadway.

J. A. Le Doux, M.D., removed to 409, 16th shells. Winkler's, 346 S. Edwy.

Dr. Nixon removed, 865 South Hill. Bonoff, practical furrier, 247 S. Edwy.

Bartlett-Logan Post, No. 6, G.A.R., with "open house" all day today at the old Elks' Hall on South Main street.

William Armstrong fell in a fainting fit on the street last night, and was sent to the Recyclery Hospital. He soon recovered and was released because of the influx of teachers.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for A. J. Hammond, Mrs. T. S. Patter, Hon. O. H. Huber, George W. Ade, F. W. Brannin & Co. Dr. James H. Thurston of this city has been engaged by Dr. L. P. Haskell of Chicago, a distinguished and operative dentist in the latter's summer school at Berlin, Germany, and Vienna, Austria. The two have already sailed for Europe.

The committee appointed at the citizens' mass meeting in the interests of enforcement of city ordinances, held June 20, in the First Methodist Episcopal Church, presented to the city a slate petition for the signature of voters, praying the City Council to enact an ordinance prohibiting side-door entrances to saloons, and abolishing the private boxes in saloons.

SAN PEDRO HARBOR.

Contractors Behind Specifications, but Working Hard.

Capt. J. J. Meyler, engineer in charge of the work on the San Pedro Harbor for the government, reported yesterday that the contractors have a third barge about ready for work in conveying rock from Catalina Island to the harbor. This will be larger than the two barges now in use. He said that the contractors are considerably behind in their work, but they have been laboring under great disadvantages. It was necessary to take an immense amount of rock out of the quarries before a foothold could be found for the \$150,000 plant which has been installed for handling the rock, while the death of Mr. Neu had made it necessary to duplicate a large amount of preliminary work. The contract calls for the delivery of 2000 tons of rock per day, but during June but 4000 tons were delivered. The amount of rock delivered will increase rapidly with the completion of new barges, and the development of the quarry, enabling the contractors to handle the rock to advantage.

THORNTON ARRESTED.

Absconding Pasadenian Found in Columbus, O.

Word has been received at the office of the United States Marshal that Thornton, the absconding assistant postmaster of Pasadena, has been arrested in Columbus, O., and a warrant and copy of the indictment under which the arrest was made was forwarded to that place yesterday. It is expected that he will be brought back as soon as those documents can reach Columbus.

Postal Receipts.

The postage receipts of this city for the year ended June 30 amounted to \$219,587.88, against \$212,069.13 for the previous year, showing an increase of the sum of 3.54 per cent. The business for June amounted to \$17,824.43, an increase over the same month in 1898 of 5.68 per cent.

Postmaster Mathews reports a great increase in the mails, due to the N.E.A. Convention. Mail for most of the visitors is being sent in care of the N.E.A., and will be distributed at the branch postoffice.

Postoffice Hours Today.

The following hours will be observed at the postoffice today: At the main offices, the general delivery and carrier windows will be open from 9:45 to 11 a.m.; all stations will be opened from 10 to 11 a.m.

TEACHERS and visitors, procure a copy of the beautiful 100-page official N.E.A. Souvenir of Southern California and its schools. On sale at bookstores and in convention halls. Price 25 cents.

BISHOP'S BEER.

Absolutely non-intoxicating. It looks like beer, tastes like beer, foams like beer. The great health beverage, introduced on this coast by the temperance workers of Chicago. Correspondence solicited. Try it. Address, HOME SALON CO., Const. Agency, Davies Warehouse, Cor. Central Avenue and Second Street.

PATRIOTIC JAGS.

One Fighting Bob's Seamen Fired for Celebrating.

Bob Johnson, an honorably discharged seaman of the battleship Iowa, was a prisoner in the Police Court yesterday afternoon. Johnson was off his sea legs when sent in by an officer. He had on a necktie made of the national colors and wore a knot of bunting on the lapel of his coat. Although still somewhat groggy he managed to stand up when his name was called, and gave the court a respectable salute.

"You are charged with having been drunk, Mr. Johnson. Do you plead guilty to that charge?" said the court. "Aye, aye, sir," replied Johnson. "You see it was my duty to do so." "How? I am not asking you to do so. You see it was my duty to do so." "I was aboard the battleship Iowa with Fighting Bob Evans, a fellow Spaniard, on a glorious victory of a day ago today when we met Cervera's fleet to the bottom of the sea. Well, I meets a few mates and landlubbers around town, and every mothers' son of 'em wants to help me to celebrate. They all says nothing good for the chap who went with Fighting Bob," says they. "It was spicin' of the main brace they would 'ave me do, and over and over again. My tank's got its limit as every man's 'as, so I lost my bearin's and hove to in this 'ere port with three sheets in the wind."

As further evidence that he was a patriotic, he said, he had a patriotic spruce Johnson hitched up his right sleeve and ostentatiously displayed the anchors and other nautical symbols tattooed upon his brawny arm.

At the close of the trial, testimony, which was given with evident feeling of pride at being a member of the crew, and attachment on account of his naval rank, Justice Morgan unfeignedly fined him \$2. After liquidating with the court Johnson had \$3 left with which to celebrate the Fourth.

A Guzman, James Sorvaga and A. Hanson were also fined \$2 each for staying in too early to celebrate the Fourth. The fine was \$1.50.

All kinds plain machine composition at 30 cents per thousand ems, standard measure, at Times job office.

Ten waitresses wanted. Hotel Redondo; steady work. Apply No. 246 South Spring street.

For good livery call at the U. S. stable, Ten and Flower. George Knarr, proprietor.

Finest cabinet photos, reduced to \$1 and \$1.25 a dozen. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main.

Closing days of clearance sale, City of London, 213 South Broadway.

J. A. Le Doux, M.D., removed to 409, 16th shells. Winkler's, 346 S. Edwy.

Dr. Nixon removed, 865 South Hill. Bonoff, practical furrier, 247 S. Edwy.

Bartlett-Logan Post, No. 6, G.A.R., with "open house" all day today at the old Elks' Hall on South Main street.

William Armstrong fell in a fainting fit on the street last night, and was sent to the Recyclery Hospital. He soon recovered and was released because of the influx of teachers.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for A. J. Hammond, Mrs. T. S. Patter, Hon. O. H. Huber, George W. Ade, F. W. Brannin & Co. Dr. James H. Thurston of this city has been engaged by Dr. L. P. Haskell of Chicago, a distinguished and operative dentist in the latter's summer school at Berlin, Germany, and Vienna, Austria. The two have already sailed for Europe.

The committee appointed at the citizens' mass meeting in the interests of enforcement of city ordinances, held June 20, in the First Methodist Episcopal Church, presented to the city a slate petition for the signature of voters, praying the City Council to enact an ordinance prohibiting side-door entrances to saloons, and abolishing the private boxes in saloons.

SIX MONTHS THIS TIME.

Gillett's Punishment for Beastly Conduct—Straw Bond Rejected.

Milo J. Gillett, the old spiritualistic electric physician, who seems to have a penchant for exposing his person in the presence of little girls, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$180, with the alternative of 180 days' imprisonment, by Justice Austin yesterday, for indecent exposure. Gillett's attorney gave notice of appeal, but up to 5 o'clock last evening the prisoner had not been able to give the required bond of \$400 in order to appeal the case. W. J. Waterhouse, one of the bondsmen who volunteered, was accepted, but the second one who offered to go out on bond was turned down, as he could not qualify for a sufficient sum over and above his earnings that are exempt from execution. Unless a second acceptable bondsman can be found, Gillett will have to languish in jail. Although the old man had friends when the present charge was brought against him, most of them have deserted him since learning that he pleaded guilty to a similar charge in this city in 1891, and paid a fine of \$50. The officers also say he was in similar trouble at Santa Barbara.

PERSONALS.

Dr. M. R. Toland of San Jacinto was in the city yesterday.

Horace McPherson, editor of the Santa Ana Blade, is in Los Angeles, and will remain a few days.

Will A. Reddins will deliver the oration at Allard's tomorrow, and Thursday he will leave for a three weeks' tour of his old stamping ground in the South, visiting New Orleans, Memphis and a number of other cities.

Marriage Licenses.

Following were the marriage licenses issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Herbert Claudius Parker, aged 20, a native of Pennsylvania, and Blanche Maybelle Lewis, aged 21, a native of Iowa; both residents of Pasadena. Mrs. Jenkins E. Parker, given consent to the marriage of her son.

John B. Pearson, aged 28, a native of England, and Theresa N. Beuchel, aged 26, a native of New York; both residents of Los Angeles.

Owen E. Elftman, aged 28, a native of Minnesota, and Mary A. Elftman, aged 22, a native of Illinois; both residents of Elftman.

Wilbur S. Dakin, aged 24, a native of Ohio and a resident of San Pedro, and Emily Manda Jenkins, aged 23, a native of Nebraska; both residents of Coronado.

Charles James Humphreys, aged 26, a native of Massachusetts, and Jessie Macmillan, aged 18, a native of England; both residents of this city.

Louis Z. Girard, aged 29, a native of Canada, and a resident of Coronado.

Dorothy Maude Gascoline, aged 24, a native of Ohio, and a resident of Pomona.

William K. Hayman, aged 28, a native of California, and Mrs. Josie B. Williams, aged 27, a native of Missouri; both residents of Los Angeles.

Apolah C. Corson, aged 32, a native of California, and Ella Robinson, aged 26, a native of Missouri; both residents of this city.

William H. Perdue, aged 20, a native of Ireland, and Maude M. Adams, aged 23, a native of Vermont; both residents of the Los Angeles.

Newton W. Shepard, aged 30, a native of Missouri, and Clara M. Holcomb, aged 20, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

Ignatz Young, aged 25, a native of Austria, and Maud Madeline Coleman, aged 19, a native of England; both residents of this city.

WILLIAM BRITTON, Burbank, Cal.

DEATH RECORD.

WITTE—July 3, 1899, in this city. William A. Witte, aged 59 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 408 West Second street, at 2 p.m. today, July 4. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

SUTCH & DEERING, FUNERAL PALORS

No. 506 S. Broadway, lady attendant; best service, lowest prices. Tel. M. 655.

ONE UPOLSTERING, FRENCH

Polishing and cabinet work; mattresses to order, pillows, etc. Feathers renovated. Goods packed and shipped. Furniture and Upholstering Co., 521 S. Broadway. T. Brown 121.

FOR HOT AIR FURNACES

Go to Browne, the Furnace man, 123 E. 4th.

WATCHES cleaned, 75¢; mainsprings, 50¢; crystals, 10¢. Patton, No. 214 S. Broadway.

TEACHERS and visitors, procure a copy of the beautiful 100-page official N.E.A. Souvenir of Southern California and its schools. On sale at bookstores and in convention halls. Price 25 cents.

"BISHOP'S BEER."

Absolutely non-intoxicating. It looks like beer, tastes like beer, foams like beer. The great health beverage, introduced on this coast by the temperance workers of Chicago. Correspondence solicited. Try it. Address, HOME SALON CO., Const. Agency, Davies Warehouse, Cor. Central Avenue and Second Street.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from most highly refined grape cream of tartar.

Makes pure, delicious, wholesome food.

PIONEER PRIEST.

Banquet to Be Given in Honor of Vicar General Adam.

The Newman Club is preparing to give a banquet in honor of Very Rev. Joachim Adam, vicar-general of the diocese of Monterey and Los Angeles, and rector of St. Vibiana's Cathedral.

The banquet will be given toward the close of this month, and is a mark of esteem before the departure of the recipient of the honor for Spain, where he will pass the remainder of his days at Barcelona. For thirty-five years he has been at work in this diocese. He was sent to Los Angeles from Santa Cruz in 1868 to serve with the Bishop, whom he has held his present rectorate. At the time of his departure his resignation will be accepted and his successor will then be named.

TO ELECT A RABBI.

B'nai B'rith to Choose a Successor to Rabbi Solomon.

The term of Rabbi Solomon of Temple B'nai B'rith will expire on July 30, and on that date an election will be held to choose his successor. For some months the necessity for selecting a new rabbi has been known, and the members of the congregation have been quietly canvassing the situation, with the result, it is stated, that Dr. Hecht of Milwaukee, recently visited Los Angeles, can have the place if he desires. An informal tender is reported to have been made to Dr. Hecht, and a reply is expected from him about July 12.

Irrigation of Public Lands.

The problems of the development of the water resources of the country for irrigation of public lands is a subject which will be discussed by F. H. Newell, who is practically the father of the Hydrographic Bureau of the government, at the Chamber of Commerce, Wednesday evening, the lecture being open to the general public. Mr. Newell is probably more familiar with the resources of the country in the line of irrigation than any other person, and the lecture which he will deliver is the one which attracted great attention at the recent Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress.

Broken Leg.

A telephone message was received at the County Hospital yesterday afternoon, asking that the ambulance be sent to the River Station to get a man who had met with an accident. The ambulance responded, and the man mentioned was taken to the hospital, where it was ascertained that his right leg was broken below the knee. The fracture was set, and the man put to bed, but the attendants were unable to get any information out of him, as he was too unconscious to talk. The hospital authorities did not know just what the man was picked up by the train crew, or how he sustained his broken leg.

Home Missions.

The Woman Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church held its quarterly conference at the University Church yesterday. Reports of the various officers were read, and the proselytizing work reported. Among other contributions made during the quarter was \$1600 for the support of ministers in frontier work. It was announced that the new deaconess home of the denomination in this city will be ready for occupancy in a few days.

Vicious Dog Banished.